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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL XX NO 122 BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1932 PRICE ONE ANNA.

CITY SLOWLY RETURNING TO NORMAL LIFE

Rounding Up Of Bad Characters Continues

OVER 1200 CONFINED IN WORLI PRISON

Old Multani Stabbed In Abdul Rehman Street

TWO KILLED: 53 INJURED ON FRIDAY

After six days of serious communal disturbances which claimed a heavy toll of over 125 lives and injuries to more than 1,200 persons, Bombay enjoyed a day of comparative peace on Friday. There was a marked fall in the cases of rioting, arson and incendiarism which were common during the previous six days. For the first time in the week the list of casualties was two killed and 53 injured.

RETURNING TO NORMAL LIFE

Even cases of stray assaults on Friday were few and far between. During the day in many of the affected localities of the City many shops which had remained closed for the last five or six days opened and there were signs of normal activity for the first time since the disturbances. Regular tram service throughout the City was another feature of the day.

MILL AREA QUIET

The mill area, to which the storm centre was moving during the last two days of the disturbances and where further trouble was apprehended at any moment showed signs of returning to normal life. As against 45 mills remaining closed on Thursday the number of such mills on Friday was only 27. The number of stray assaults in the mill area was also smaller compared to the previous day's record and most of the cases removed to the K. E. M. Hospital were in the earlier part of the day. There was no addition to that number in the evening.

PATROLS CONTINUE

The police and military continued to patrol the affected area in the day as well as in the night, but their task was much easier than on the previous days, as there were few emergency calls. The staff of various City Hospitals, and the Fire Brigade who had been overtaxed all these days had an easy time on Friday.

OVER 1,200 BADMASHES ROUNDED UP

But although the police enjoyed rest in the evening they had to be very active in the earlier part of the day when they were busy rounding up known and suspected bad characters and men suspected of having been connected with rioting and looting that was rampant in the City during the week. The number of such arrests on Friday was about 500, similar arrests on the previous two days numbered over 700 and the total has now reached 1,200. All these men have been detained in the temporary prison at Worli.

OLD MULTANI STABBED IN ABDUL REHMAN STREET

Perhaps the most tragic incident of the day was the fate of a 50-year old Multani who was dragged out of a tram car and severely belaboured in Abdul Rehman Street. His name was Jethmal Khataumal Bajaj. As a result of the attack the old man received serious injuries including a stab wound. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he expired. The police who rushed to the spot on getting the news arrested about ten persons.

STABBED AT BHULESHWAR

Another incident of fatal injury occurred at Bhuleshwar. An unknown Muslim was stabbed by some persons, in the evening. His body was picked up by the Mharbavdi police and removed to the Morgue.

Besides these two men killed on Friday 13 persons died in the J. J. Hospital and the total number of deaths was 15.

THREE STORIED BUILDING ON FIRE.

There were three cases of fire in the course of the day but only one of them was serious. A three storied building was gutted and the fire could be brought under control after several hours effort. The cause of this fire is still not known.

MUSLIM STABS MUSLIM.

While on Thursday night a Muslim who was mistaken for a Hindu was stabbed by another Muslim at Sewri a similar incident occured on Friday in Hanuman Lane. In this case a Hindu who looked like a Muslim from his dress was assaulted by some Hindus. He received injuries and was removed by the police to the G. T. Hospital.

MUSLIM RESCUED FROM HANDS OF ROUGHS.

On Thursday the life of a Hindu was saved in Kamatipura by the accidental visit of some members of the E Ward Peace Committee to the place. On Friday a Muslim's life was saved in Kalbadevi on account of the intervention of some Bania residents of the locality. It appears a Muslim was being assaulted by some Hindu roughs but the Bania residents of the locality successfully prevented the attack and rescued the unfortunate victim.

HINDU LOCALITIES QUIET

The Hindu locality was quiet as on the previous two days. There was no cases of assault during the later part of the day. The police and the military are vigilant and are patrolling the area.

Although there is no trouble the Hindus in the locality are arranging night patrols in practically every building.

The Mharbavdi Police arrested four people after 8 p. m. under the Curfew Order. Two of them were Gurkhas and one was a Pathan. He was going along the Parel Road at Bhendibazar at 9 p. m. and he was arrested. Another was a muslim who was

(Continued on page 7).

FRIDAY'S TOLL

Two Killed: Fifty-Three Injured

The total number of casualties on Friday was two killed and 53 injured. The following are the details of wounded persons treated at different city hospitals:—

J. J. Hospital	5
G. T. Hospital	5
K. E. M. Hospital	15
Congress Free Hospital	7
Free Emergency Hospital	5
Free Crescent Hospital	16
Total	53

Thirteen persons injured during the rioting on previous days died at the J. J. Hospital on Friday. Thus the total number of deaths on Friday was 15.

His Sixth Day Of Fast

BOMBAY, Friday.

To-day, as usual, there were many visitors to see Seth Abdul Rehman Mitha. This is the sixth day of his self-imposed fast. He is cheerful, though weak. Syt. Laxmidas Ravji Tairsee had one hour's talk with Seth Mitha as regards the riot situation.

Ahrar Volunteers

AMBULANCE WORK WITHOUT DISTINCTION OF CASTE OR RELIGION

Among the various volunteer organisations engaged in rescue and relief work during the disturbances in the city were the Ahrar volunteers. They did very useful work in removing Hindus stranded in Muslim localities to places of safety and similarly rescuing Muslims from Hindu localities.

As the Police Commissioner issued a ban on the movement of non-qualified Ambulance men Mr. M. Kudratullah Khan under whom 24 Ahrar volunteers have been working saw Mr. M. C. Chagla, Secretary of the Citizens' Conciliation Committee and approached the police authorities. As a result of Mr. Chagla's representation the Ahrar volunteers were allowed to continue the relief and ambulance work that they have been doing. Three motor lorries are at the disposal of these volunteers and they render help to any one in need of it without any distinction of caste or creed.

"A HUGE BURNING MASS"

"Philippar's" Captain Pays Tribute To Passengers

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 20.

Paris.—If incredible rapidity with which the fire spread had not caused early victims, we should have been able to save everybody.

This is the dramatic statement on the "Georges Philippar" fire made in the first report of the "Philippar's" Captain in a cable to the Minister of the Public Works, Mercantile Marine.

He adds that practically all the first-class passengers of "D" Deck were surprised by the frightful rapidity of the fire and had not time to leave the cabins and perished although a few who threw themselves into the sea were saved.

The Captain pays a tribute to the passengers' "perfect calm" while the officers and the crew showed admirable devotion. When he left the ship, she was "nothing more than a huge burning mass." He gives the total number of saved as 689.—Reuter.

Grave Allegations

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 20.

Djibouti.—Grave implications lie behind the statements of the Murr heads, the River Inspector and his wife, from Hankow, who were aboard the "Georges Philippar" and landed from the "Andre Lebon" after rescue by the Soviet tanker.

The most tragic allegation is that the bulkheads at each end of the corridor giving access to the first-class State-rooms on "D" deck were closed almost immediately and many passengers were trapped inside. Some escaped from portholes but many were burned to death.

How the fire started and the speed with which it travelled are the main problems to be solved. This is the general view of the Press comment on the "Georges Philippar" tragedy. The impression left by the evidence is that the organisation aboard was strangely happy-go-lucky and careless.

"NEWS CHRONICLE" COMMENT.

The "News Chronicle" in the course of a leading article says, that the sailors themselves may have been too busy fighting the fire, to wake the passengers but was no one instructed to look after the passengers in the event of such an emergency? One would have supposed that there were automatic regulations to see that none was trapped behind the watertight doors if it was necessary to close them. Whether in new boat, furniture and fitting were specially inflammable or whether the fire was drawn through the corridors as though by forced draught is a question on which the engineers and the constructors will have something to say.—Reuter's Special.

BEPIN CHANDRA PAL DEAD

Comrade Of Lokmanya During Early Days Of Agitation

CALCUTTA, May 20.

Death occurred this afternoon of Bepin Chandra Pal, from apoplexy at the age of seventy-six.—A. P.

PIONEER OF SWARAJ

With the death of Babu Bepin Chander Pal, there passes from the public life of India one of the most notable figures of recent times. There was not a department of life's activities in India, which he did not adorn. Missionary and theologian writer and philosopher, journalist and politician and orator of a high order, Mr. B.C. Pal's were varied and there was a time when his was a name to conjure with. In later years, he was almost forgotten, perhaps, deservedly. He was entirely out of sympathy with the Gandhi Movement but even the great ability of Mr. Pal could not possibly have made any headway against the new forces of nationalism released by the advent of the Mahatma into the world of Indian Politics.

EARLY YEARS

Mr. Pal heard the call of resurgent Indian nationalism even before had passed out of his teens. He was at college when he left it to join the BRAHMO SAMAJ, for which he was punished by his father by disinheritance and by society with excommunication. They were the great days of Kesab Chander Sen, who like a typical Bengal tornado was sweeping Bengal and other provinces with his reforming mission and was calling the way to the New Dispensation. Old idols were broken and the new doctrine of worship was inaugurated. Pal, endowed with his high talent and great gift of speech, became the hot gospeller of the new faith and preached it from the house-tops and in the market places.

A MASTER IN CONTROVERSY

In the early days of his career, he devoted as much time to the ephemeral work of daily and periodical journalism as to solid thinking and sound study. In a few years he equipped himself so well that there could be found few Indians who could argue with on a subject of public importance, whether political or religious, whether theological or philosophical, with his wonderful wealth of knowledge and ripeness of judgment.

But the day was soon to come when religion ceased to hold the centre of the study and politics as represented by the Indian National Congress, gained ascendency on the public mind. Mr. Pal, to whom, liberty and freedom was not conveniently compartmentalised, but constituted one and an indivisible whole at once, saw the importance of political freedom for the advancement of the country materially as well as morally, and for the rebuilding of the Indian nation in its manifold activities.

THE NEW METHODS

He came into prominence by a remarkably bold speech delivered at the third session of the Indian National Congress on the subject of the abolition of the Arms Act. And from then, he went from strength to strength. By 1905, he built up a position for himself which no one dare challenge and in fact with the late Mr. Tilak and Lala Lajpat Rai he formed the trinity of Indian nationalism in its pure and uncompromising form. Politics of mendicancy as they then were discarded for more powerful ideals and more militant methods.

Mr. Pal swept the country from end to end and some of his most brilliant speeches were delivered in these days. He came to be known as the stormy petrel of Indian politics and more than any Indian leader popularised the ideal of Swaraj and the creed of Swadeshi as laid down at the Calcutta Congress of 1906.

AN EXILE IN BRITAIN

The new doctrine with its intense hatred of compromise as a political method, constitutional agitation as the sole medium of political education was too much for the older school of Indian politicians, who after the break up at the Surat Congress in 1907, continued to retain their hold on that institution. The nationalists had to carry their flock of rebels into the wilderness. For a time their forces were scattered. Tilak was put in jail; Lala Lajpat Rai was deported and after his return could not be an effective factor in the political life; Aurobindho Gose fled to Pondicherry, and Pal himself had to seek refuge in Britain.

But wherever he was he never compromised the ideals of Indian Nationalism nor did he forget that the millions of the younger generation looked to him for inspiration and guidance. Indian politics continued to be in a state of flux till 1916. When the new school once more shot up its head and began to rally its forces Mrs. Beasant had by now thrown herself into the vortex of Indian political agitation and Pal now joined forces with her.

OUT OF SYMPATHY

His great oratory and journalistic ability were once again enlisted in the service of the country and he came again to the forefront and continued to occupy that place till the Nagpur Congress when Mahatma Gandhi, took the field with his creed of Satyagraha and his novel methods of political agitation. With all the methods of Gandhism, Mr. Pal was profoundly out of sympathy. The Nagpur Congress saw him leave the national institution, and since 1920, his main political activities, whether on the platform or in the press, were chiefly confined to attacks on the new faith (Gandhism). From then he practically went out of the picture.

SOME INCIDENTS OF HIS LIFE.

Some interesting incidents in the life of Mr. Pal may be noted. He was one of the first few Bengalis who showed the way as a practical social reformer by marrying a widow, a niece of the late Sir Surendranath Banerjea.

He tried his hand as a schoolmaster for some time but left it for the calling of a preacher and journalist, where he was an eminent success. As a journalist he was copious and learned and edited with great ease political dailies and philosophical monthlies.

He served a term of imprisonment in 1907 for contempt of court, for refusing to give evidence in a case, where his evidence would have meant doing injustice to a fellow political worker. He was a great friend of the late Mr. W. T. Stead, and with him propagated the new ideals of Indian nationalism in England.

Leading events in his life were:

Born 7th November 1858.

Educated at the Presidency College, Calcutta.

Worked as a Sub-Editor in the Bengal "Public Opinion" and the "Tribune."

Acted as Secretary and Librarian of the Calcutta Public Library.

Visited England and America as a Brahmo Missionary.

Started "New India" and afterwards "Bande Matharam."

Convicted in 1907 for contemp of court.

Edited "Swarajya" Monthly 1908 to 1911 in England.

Sentenced on landing for a term of simple imprisonment on a charge of sedition.

Started the "Hindu Review" in 1912.

Re-joined the Congress in 1916 and remained in it till 1920.

During the later years of his life he was contributing articles on Political questions regularly to the "Englishman."

DR. SOHAN SINGH JAILED

LAHORE' May 20.

Eleven men, including Dr. Sohan Singh, who it was alleged, were arrested in a house while making preparations for a demonstration against the Lothian Committee on the night proceeding the arrival of the Committee, were sentenced by Mr. Vikram Singh, Magistrate, under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, to various terms of rigorous imprisonment ranging between six months and a year, with a fine in the case of Dr. Sohan-singh.

PICKETERS FINED.

A Muslim *Faqir* and a Hindu boy who were atrested while picketing foreign cloth shops; having declared in the court that they were not Congressmen, and having apologised for picketing were fined Rs. 25 in default to undergo a week's rigorous imprisonment each.—A. P.

GOVERNOR OF PUNJAB

Making Satisfactory Prigress

SIMLA, May 20.

His Excellency the Governor of Punjab, who has been indisposed for some time past, is now making satisfactory progress and is disposing of his normal work, though still confined to his room. —A. P.

"CHRONICLE" COMPETITION RESULTS

(SEE PAGE 15).

The "Zamindar" To Be Restarted

LAHORE, May 20.

The "Zamindar" Newspaper Company Limited has been registered here. It will restart the vernacular "Zamindar" which suspended publication some months back. The present directors are Messrs. Zafar Ali Khan, Asaf Ali of Delhi, Abdul Hunam and S. D. Hasan. It is expected that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Ansari, Mufti Kifaitulla and Mr. Ahmad Ali will also join the directorate.—A. P.

N. W. F. P. Legislature

ABBOTTABAD, May 20.

General debate on the budget was taken up in the Frontier Legislature Council this morning. The speakers were unanimous that nation-building departments should not be starved and urged further retrenchment and postponement of the restoration of the 10 per cent cut in pay. Opposition members pointed out that the peace of India depended on the peace of the Frontier and demanded that the Central Government's subvention should not be reduced below a crore.

During question hour, it was stated that while it was true that Khan Abdul Ghafar Khan, Dr. Khan Sahib and his son Sadullah Khan were not allowed to associate with other prisoners in the jail where they were interned, it was not a fact that they were kept in solitary confinement. They were provided with books and newspapers and their general health was good.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

REMOVAL OF OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

RUGBY, May 20.

By a majority of 8 votes the Idish Free State Dail last night passed the Bill to remove the Oath of Allegiance from the Free State Constitution. Voting for the Bill 77, against 69. The Bill comes before the Free State Senate on Wernesday.—B.O.W.

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A R7240

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A R7193

WANTED—LADY TYPISTS, LADY STENOGRAPHERS, NURSES, LADY COMPOUNDERS, SALES GIRLS and DANCERS. Apply UNIVERSAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 38, Picket Road, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
A R7242

WANTED—MEDICAL MAN to attend Dispensary as Locum tenens. Apply personally Dr. BATLIWALLA, Tram Terminus, Mazagaon.
A R7241

WANTED—An experienced INDIAN PERMANENT WAY INSPECTOR for maintaining Colliedy tram line in C. P. Those having worked in Railway preferred. Apply stating terms, etc. to Box No. 1545 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 7244

WANTED—LITERATE MEN for searching War and Insurance claims in each District. Send reply paid applications to:—THE PENSIONS and PRIVILEGES INSTITUTE, Karol Bagh, Delhi.
A R 7151

WANTED—by established Life Insurance Institution. DISTRICT SECRETARIES throughout Bombay Presidency. Salary Rs. 150/250 according qualifications. Applicants must be prepared to give assurance of business and make investment of Rs. 2,000. Apply to Box No. 1532, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
4899C

WANTED—LADIES and GENTLEMEN seeking jobs of any description in India or abroad. EMPIRE SERVICE AGENCY, Allahabad.
A R7094

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of one stockist and a few Inspectors and agents on a decent commission, etc. for the stock and a pay of Rs. 130/- and Rs. 50/- respectively for Inspector and Agents. Candidates who can invest Rs. 500/- for the stock and Rs. 130/- and Rs. 50/- for Inspector and agent need apply to Messrs. Britannia Tea Company Ltd., 14, Clive Street Calcutta.
A 4901

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—A qualified SUGAR CHEMIST with practical experience for manufacturing sugar and distillery for Uganda, British East Africa. Apply with testimonials to NANJI KALIDAS, 15/23, Ganeshwadi, Bombay.
A R 7237

WANTED -- Well-educated-experienced NURSERY GOVERNESS Parsi-Hinduladv preferred, also TUTORESS (French Apply with Testimonials ROYAL SERVICE AGENCY, Cawasji Patel Street, Kamar Building, Fort, Bombay.
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WANTED—AGENTS in every town for highclass soaps, inks, etc., GUJARAT SOAP & INDUSTRIAL WORKS, LTD., Baroda.
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4868

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Mr. B. SENGUPTA, M.Sc.,
Principal, The School of Cottage Industries,
69-B, Mirzapur Street,
CALCUTTA.

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WANTED—APPLICATIONS for AGENCIES are invited from gentleman of influence and Co-operative Societies, in POONA, BIJAPUR, KOLABA, EAST KHANDEISH, THANA Districts and in HYDERABAD and KOLHAPUR STATES. By Chief Organizers, THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD., Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay.
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TO LET from 1st June on Khar 14th Road, "RUBAIX" House, Ground Floor. 3 big airy rooms with verandah, kitchen and two bath-rooms. Very comfortable and up-to-date, garden all round. For rent enquire on top floor or write Box No. 150, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C

TO LET to the High Class Vegetarian Hindus only, blocks in Lalgir Mansion, Gamdevi. Rents Rs. 150/- and Rs. 70/- only. Apply on premises or to Messrs. HASAN BAXI & CO., Solicitors, Hummum Street.
C 4891

GODOWNS and SHOW-ROOM on Lamington Road, near Bombay Central Station. Rents very moderate. Apply THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD., 4, Apollo Street, Fort.
C R7206

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C R 7238

Astrologer

"ARIEL," GREAT ASTROLOGER and PALMIST, staying Room No. 34, Hotel Majestic, opp. Museum. Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar says, "Startling in accuracy." Hours 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
P R7229

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Public Notices

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AS USUAL the MATRICULATION SUPPLEMENT, containing names and numbers of successful candidates will be published on the 31st instant at 1 anna per copy.

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25 per cent commission is allowed on sale proceeds.

SORAB F. KAPADIA,
Manager,
The "Bombay Chronicle."

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APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from High Caste Hindu Students who have passed their School Leaving Examination or its equivalent or such other Examinations as would qualify them for prosecuting their studies further in technical subjects at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute or the subjects of Commerce, Science, Medicine, Veterinary Science and Arts at the Bombay School of Art and who desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means.

As admission is refused after certain dates, by various Institutions and Colleges, applicants desiring to prosecute their studies in the Institutions and Colleges teaching the subjects mentioned above should submit their applications direct to the authorities concerned in due time and also apply to this Office on the prescribed form with an intimation whether admission has been granted or not.

Printed forms of applications can be had on sending 1½ annas postage or applying personally.

Applicants are strictly forbidden from bringing any pressure or recommendations personally on the Trustees by letters or otherwise. Violation of this will be a disqualification.

Applications will be received till Friday 10th June, 1932.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary.
Sha Hurgowan Anandji Desai's Charities Trust Office,
Corner Pinjrapole Street,
Bombay 4. 4243

Public Notices

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE,

Matunga, Bombay.

I Class Wiremen's Apprentice Classes.

THE NEW SESSION of the above classes will commence on FRIDAY, the 3rd June, 1932. Classes are held on Friday evenings from 7 to 9 p.m. Six month course; fees Rs. 25|- payable in advance. Class in Marathi will be conducted at Portuguese Church, Girgaum, only if at least 15 students join. English class will be conducted at New Bombay High School Girgaum Road.

Candidates desirous of joining the classes should apply immediately to the PRINCIPAL and SECRETARY.
4945

Office of the Superintending Engineer,
Shimoga Circle,
Shimoga, dated the 15th May, 1932.

NOTIFICATION.

WANTED—A qualified and experienced MECHANIC not more than 30 years of age with experience of diving and who has served in the East or West Coast on small Launches for a Sarang's post in Vani Vilas Sagara in Hiriyur Taluk, Chitaldrug District. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and will be paid at Rs. 50|- per mensem. If his work be found satisfactory, he will be confirmed.

V. V. CARVE,
Superintending Engineer,
Shimoga Circle.
4947

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APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to work the Sapphire Mines, Sumjam, Padar, Kishtwar, situated at an altitude of 15,000 ft. above sea-level, and also the Dangel Sapphire and Aquamarine locality at an elevation of 105,000 ft, in its neighbourhood under State Mining Rules. A full account of Sapphire material as well as of the mines is published in the Mineral Survey Report on Precious and semi-precious gemstones of Jammu and Kashmir, which along with the State Mining Rules can be had from the Mineral Survey Office, Srinagar.

Applications should reach the Mineral Survey Office by the 20th June 1932. Working season at the Mines is from the middle of June to October.

(Sd.) CHET RAM KOHLI,
Director of Industries.
4946.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 627 of 1932.

SHORT CAUSE
Summons to answer Plaint.

(1) RATANSHAW MERWANJI CHAMARBAGWALLA. (2) AWABAI NADIRSHAW COWASJEE and (3) PESTONJI LIMJI PUBUCK ... ... Plaintiffs.
vs.
HORMUSJI MANEKJI CHAWNA, carrying on business at Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay. ... Defendant.

To

HORMUSJI MANEKJI CHAWNA

The defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above suit is filed by the plaintiffs to recover from you the sum of Rs. 2,662-8-0 with further interest on Rs. 2,500 from 1st April, 1932, being the amount of your Promissory Note, dated 1st March, 1931, till judgment and the costs of the suit and interest on judgment at six per cent., and the suit is fixed for hearing and final disposal on 1st June, 1932.

You are hereby summoned to appear on the 1st day of June, 1932, in Court, otherwise the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1932.

(Sd.) H. A. WAKEEL,
For Prothonotary
and Senior Master.
(Sd.) Wadia & Mistry,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. 4949

AUCTION SALES.

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Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES AT GHATKOPAR, KIROL. Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Mr. Limji C. Bilimoria Advocate for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Dinshaw Manekji Bilimoria the Mortgagor, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties on SUNDAY, the 22nd May, 1932, at 9 A.M. (S. T.) on the Premises.

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SCHEDULE B:—All that piece of vacant land at Kirol containing 667 square yards or so being part of Plot No. 1 in Suburban Scheme No. XVIII.

SCHEDULE C:—All that piece of land together with the bungalow chawl and a well standing thereon situate at Kirol admeasuring 2,400 square yards or so and assessed by the Ghatkopar, Kirol Municipality under D. Ward Nos. 51 and 52

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Mr. Limji C. Bilimoria Advocate for the Mortgagees or to the undersigned.

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ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY PARISH PRIEST

Sermon From Altar Rails Leads To Complaint In Magistrate's Court

Criminal proceedings for defamation against a Catholic priest arising out of an incident that occurred on Easter Sunday morning the 27th March 1932 came to a dramatic and unexpected termination when the City Magistrate Bandra, Rao Bahadur Kulkarni, dismissed the complaint of Mr. Joseph P. D'Mello, a prominent resident of Andheri and proprietor of the Casion Stationery Mart, Bombay, against the Rev. P. Edward Fernandes, Vicar of the Church of St. Blaise Amboli near Andheri.

COMPLAINANT'S STORY.

It was alleged that Blaise D'Mello, a young man of 26 and brother of Mr. Joseph P. D'Mello, the complainant, had obtained the consent of the Rev. Joseph Soares to have his confession heard in case he called on him for the purpose at the church at Amboli, where the Rev. Soares generally attends to say Mass and hear confession on Sundays and holy days of obligation.

On Easter Sunday, the 4.30 a.m. Mass was to have been celebrated by the Rev. P. Edward Fernandes, Blaise D'Mello knocked at the door of the Rev. Soares at about 4-15 a.m. with a view to going to confession to the Rev. Gentleman. No sooner had the Rev. P. E. Fernandes heard the knocking at the door of the Rev. Soares than he rushed out of his room and called upon Blaise D'Mello to explain why he was there. On being told that he had come to shrieve himself of his sins, the Rev. Fernandes became angry and shouted:—"Don't you know you are not to disturb me." Blaise D'Mello told the Rev. Fernandes that he had obtained Father Soares' permission to go to confession to the latter. This did not pacify Rev. Fernandes who in a loud voice exclaimed:—"You idiot, I am the parish priest and I ask you to clear out!" repeatedly calling upon Blaise to get out. Blaise was about to walk back into the church but the Rev. Fernandes followed him shouting at him and ordering him to clear out of the church. Blaise however in order to fulfil the obligation of hearing Mass on Sunday, and Easter Sunday of all days, proceeded to the upper gallery in the church which is also used as a chair and where his brother, the complainant, Joseph was on his knees praying preparatory to the Mass.

SCENE IN CHURCH.

By this time it wanted about 5 minutes to 4.30 a.m. The Rev. Fernandes suddenly and without any introductory remarks shouted out to Joseph:— "I want you to ask your brother to get out the church'" Joseph naturally did not understand what this was all about and turning to the Rev. Fernandes he told him that he would see to the matter after Mass and that as it was time for the service to begin he should go to say his Mass. The Rev. Fernandes who remarked ironically:—"Thank you, for your good advice!"

In the course of the Mass the Rev. Fernandes preached a sermon to the congregation from the altar rails and began by saying that he had something important to convey to his congregation; that there were some bad boys who were always disturbing the congregation; that he had written to the parents of the boys but to no effect. The Rev. Fernandes then went on to say that a boy had called that morning for confession; that he had told him to go away but the boy had defied him. He added that he had complained to the boy's brother who had turned round and told him to go and say his mass as if he had not known his duty. The Rev. Fernandes further remarked that Mahars and Dheds would understand better than these people who call themselves educated.

The above remarks were naturally resented by the complainant it being plain who was meant, the incident having taken place in the sight of the congregation.

COMPLAINT DISCUSSED.

After having received no redress from the Ecclesiatical superior of the Rev. Fernandes but having obtained the Archbishop of Bombay's consent, Mr. Joseph P. D'Mello filed a complaint under section 500 of the Indian Penal Code for defamation against the Rev. Fernandes on the 14th instant before the City Magistrate Bandra, Rao Bahadur Kulkarni.

The Magistrate made some remarks as to the possible application of English Law in the matter and stated that he would pass orders on the 16th instant. The complainant again appeared before the Magistrate on the 16th instant when the Learned Magistrate again adjourned the case passing his orders on the 18th instant when he declined to issue process stating that he was not prepared to hold that the words alleged to have been uttered by the Rev. Fernandes were fully and faithfully reproduced by the complainant, having regard to the education and "religious order" of the accused. He was of opinion that the accused was protected by exceptions 9 and 10 to section 499 of the Indian Penal Code and dismissed the complaint under section 203 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

RESCUE, RELIEF & RECONSTRUCTION

Mr. B. F. Bharucha, writes:—

Fair Bombay is blackened, by whom and how, let a Public Inquiry investigate and decide. Our immediate task is rescue, relief and restoration of peace.

Let the Mayor start a Relief Fund. The Parsi Swadeshi Bazar Committee has sent its quota of Rs. 151 to the Mayor.

Disembodiment Of Companies Of Auxiliary Force

A "Bombay Government Gazette" published on Friday states:—

"With reference to Government Notifications in the Home Department No. 6678/2 dated the 16th and 17th May 1932, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct the disembodiment of the Infantry Companies of the Bombay Battalion, Auxiliary Force, India, and the 3rd Bombay Field Company, Royal Engineers, Auxiliary Force India, with effect from 8 p.m. today the 20th May 1932."

Special Magistrate Under E. P. O.

A "Bombay Government Gazette" extraordinary published on Friday states that the Governor in Council has invested the Magistrate of the First Class in the Ahmedabad District, named Mr. D. H. Desai with the powers of a Special Magistrate under the E. P. O. Ordinance and that subject to the provisions of section 47 of the said Ordinance he is directed by such offences arising within the Ahmedabad District, other than offences punishable with death, as the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad, who is hereby empowered in this behalf may by general or special order in writing direct.

"ROTI, ROTI"

Boys' Demonstration At Srinagar

SRINAGAR, May 19.

Sensation was caused in the city to-day when groups of young boys belonging to the Palsabha invaded the courts and educational institutions where they delivered speeches and raised cries of "roti, roti." Small processions were also taken out. This novel demonstration attracted huge crowds.

The magistrates, high officers and police with their hoses were in readiness but no untoward incident occurred. A mass meeting was held at Shitalnath in the evening where only one arrest was made.—A.P.

NEW HONORARY MAGISTRATES

A "Bombay Government Gazette" extraordinary, dated Friday, May 20, announces the appointment of the following gentlemen to be honorary presidency magistrates with co-ordinate jurisdiction over the whole of the area comprised within the limits of the town and island of Bombay:—Messrs. F. L. Peradon; F. B. Thornely; G. S. Turkhud; I. S. McMull; Mahomed Suleman Mitha; T. E. Ferro; A. F. Barney; T. M. Saherwalla; A. Rawlson; P. A. Strip; A. S. Gillespie; Dr. C. Coutinho; C. G. Wade and G. F. Gomez.

Railway Workers' Satyagraha Postponed

The Secretary of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union writes:—"In view of the present disturbed atmosphere of the City and the promulgation of the Curfew order, and the Section 144, the proposed Satyagraha at Wadi Bunder Goods Depot has got to be suspended for the time."

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Shown On The Screen

AT THE CAPITOL

A Race Horse's Career

Thrills of the racing trak, intimate details of the "inside" of the racing game, and an expose of crooked gambling methods are woven into an engrossing and sometimes spectacular background for "Sporting Blood," Metro-Goldwyn- Mayer's filmization of the Saturday Evening Post story, "Horseflesh," by Frederick Hazlitt Brennan and which opens at the Capitol to-day.

The central theme is a love romance, and the story follows the fortunes and career of a racehorse only to show the conflicting human elements. The original story was adhered to in a clever manner, the picture still preserving all the interest that screen technique can give.

Clarke Gable, who recently leaped to prominence with his work in "A Free Soul" and "Susan Lenox" and Madge Evans, the delectable heroine of "Heartbreak" and "Son of India" play the central love roles. Gable as a gambler and Miss Evans as a feminine race-track follower find love and regeneation amid the thrilling tangle of plot and counterplot in the world of chance. Gable gives a powerful performance as Riddell and Miss Evans, aside from being beautiful, is a clever little actress. The thrills of the Kentucky Derby are filmed with graphic skill many well known jockeys and horses appearing in these sequences of the swiftly moving drama.

T Charlit Chase Comedy entitled "The Panic Is on" and the latest news garnered by Hearst Metrotone complete the programme. The management announce that throughout the week the timings of their shows has been changed viz: 6 and 10 p.m. and the matinees will be held at 3.30 p.m. instead of 4 p.m.

AT THE RIALTO

Popular Comedy Comedy Hit

All of the sparkling mirth, youthful exuberance and musical delight of the original musical comedy hit of "Good News" has been preserved in the filmization of the Broadway success. In the picture version are sixteen song hits, including five special numbers specially written for the screen. Throughout the picture there is a welcome adhtrence to musical comedy technique, song and dance establishing a swift tempo in the opening flash and increasing its sway right to the end of the spectacular natural colour finale in the football wedding scene. Bessie Love heads an unusual cast of featured players, including, Stanley Smith, Mary Lawlor, Cliff Edwards, Gus Shy and Lola Lane. The Rialto where this talkie will be showing from to-day is holding matinees at 3.30 p.m. on Saturday and Sunday with a morning show on Sundoy at 10 a.m. There will be no 10 p.m. show and the regular show will start at 6.30 p.m.

DRAMA OF MOTHER-LOVE

At The Excelsior

"Wicked," a Fox Picture which is this week's attraction at the Excelsior is a powerful drama built around a new angle of mother-love. Elissa Landi, the young English actress of rare charm, dramatic talent and winning personality, heads a strong cast which includes Victor McLaglen, Una Merkel, Irene Rich and Allon Dinehart. Elissa Landi is seen in this picture in the role of the young wife, who on her honey-moon, finds her hopes and happiness shattered when she learns that her husband is a notorious bank robber. She sees him die from a pursuing detectives bullet and later finds herself in prison, convicted of being his accomplice. The state grants her a short reprieve so that her baby may be born outside the prison, and then takes the chilu from her. Her efforts to regain her child later makes for some of the finest screen drama ever seen, and is distinguished by the marvellous emotional work of this brilliant young actress. Victor McLaglen, in the leading male role deserves credit for his intelligent handling of a difficult part. as does Una Merkel, Allan Dinehart and Theodore Von Eltz, the last in the role of the villainous young husband. The excellence of the story, the clever direction of Allan Dwan and the fine work of the all-star cast combine to make it one of the outstanding screen successes of the season.

COMEDY OF ENGLISH SOCIETY

At The Empire

"These Charming People" a Paramount production coming to the Empire Theatre this week is a superbly produced screen version of Michael Arlen's scintillating comedy of English society, with intriguing glimpses of the beautiful English country-side of the London social life and authoentic scenes of Croydon aerodrome and the Glasgow shipyards. The film is distinguished by poignant drama, breathless suspense and sparkling wit. The picture has been brilliantly directed by Louis Mercanton, who has achieved a convincing English atmosphere. The settings are sumptuously artistic, and the recording is flawless. Cyril Maude, the famous British comedian, gives a perfect portrayal of Col. Crawford, an impecunious, loveable M.P. who sponges on his wealthy son-in-law James Berridge, a shipping magnate with political leanings, and with a eye on the Honours List. Julia Berridge's wife, feels that her husband puts his work above everything else, and in her disappointment she succumbs to the ardent wooing of his handsome young secretary, Geoffrey Allen. They elope to Paris, closely followed by the fathers and Julia's husband who now realises, on losing her, that she meant more to him than anything else. While Crawford is telling his daughter that her romantic lover's name is really Alfred Minx, for he is the son of the Colonel's own butler. Minx explains to his son that Mrs. Berridge has renounced her handsome marriage settlement, and persuades him to go away without seeing Julia again. Julia is freely forgiven by her husband who assures her that her happiness shall be his chief concern.

"MIDNIGHT DADDIES"

At The Pathe Cinema

Mack Sennett's vrst full length comedy feature entitled "Midnight Daddies" will bt shown at the Pathe from Saturday. It features Harry Gribbon, Andy Clyde and Alma Bennett. A Sennett comedy hardly needs any introduction—it's a laugh from start to finish. The programme includes Pathe Super Sound Gazette and a comedy. It may be noted that during the Curfew order there will be no 10 p.m. show at Pathe. The timing of earlier show has been fixed at 6 p.m. in order to allow people go home before 8 p.m. There is no danger of any kind in attending the Pathe Cinema.

JANET GAYNOR IN "DADDY LONG LEGS"

At The Wellington Talkies

Janet Gaynor, the lovely star of "7th Heaven", "High Society Blues"; "Sunny side Up" and other successes, scores another big hit in the Fox drama "Daddy long legs" which will be on view at the Wellington Talkies, Dhobi Talao from Saturday. She is admirably teamed with Warner Baxter, while the supporting cast includes Una Merkel, John Arledge, Claude Gillingwater, and Cathlyn Williams.

The picture tells in a sympathetic and appealing manner the romance of a little orphan girl "whose father was a telephone book and whose mother was a tombstone." She is adopted by Jervis Pendleton, a wealthy young bachelor who never permits her to know who is responsible for her good fortune. She only knows him by the name she has given him "Daddy long legs". He sends her to a fashionable girls' boarding school where, in spite of her past, she becomes the most popular girl in the school. Pendleton finds himself in love with her, and permits her finally to meet her "Daddy long legs" in one of the cleverest fade-out scenes.

Janet Gaynor is ideally suited for her part as the orphan girl Judy, the role made famous on the stage by Buth Chatterton, and on the silent screen by Mary Pickford. Warner Baxter's performance as the sauve, cynical wealthy bachelor is a personal triumph for him. To the best elements of the stage story have been added a smart modern treatment and excellent dialogue. Under the direction of Alfred Sentell, Fox have given the picture all that could be given it in the way of settings and production.

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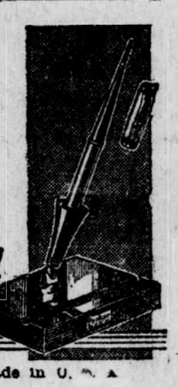

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Capital Subscribed	2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	92,00,000

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From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1|2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
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Manager.

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INDIAN TEXTILE PAGE.

Raising Their Efficiency And Economic Standard

MEASURES WHICH WILL IMPROVE TEXTILE OPERATIVES' LOT

(BY B. B. JOSHI.)
IV*

For factory administrative purposes the Commission suggests the appointment of one medically trained inspector of factories. This in my opinion is absolutely essential. Indian qualified Engineers should be taken up as factory inspectors also. The Commission on page 70 in this connection states: "The number of Indian students taking up engineering is increasing steadily and it should not be difficult to attract suitable candidates at reasonable rates of pay."

MINIMUM WAGE.

On page 213, considering the question of preliminary inquiries for fixing minimum wage standards of workers in industries the Commission remarks: "In India however, it is well-known that in the bulk of the trades likely to be selected for consideration only the loosest organisation exists among the employers and none whatever among the workers." This appears to be true the cotton industry too.

For collection of information before fixing a wage, considering the extent of the dependence of trade on foreign markets, and the competition it has to face from outside, efficiency of the workers and general working and technical conditions in factories, it is necessary that trade organisations should co-operate if at all they exist, otherwise it is not possible to arrive at decisions beneficial to trade as well as workers.

STANDARDISATION OF WAGES.

So far as the question of standardisation of wages in cotton mills is concerned workers as well as owners desire that it should be put into practice. The differences of opinions exist as to the merits and demerits regarding the scheme proposed by the Millowners' Association, and this can be settled up by continuous negotiations with the workers organisations. Break down of negotiations will not improve the situation but might on the contrary worsen it.

The question of eight looms is being discussed between the employers and workers since some years and it is possible for them only now to arrive at certain conclusions. So it should be the policy of owners' organisations to carry on negotiations with workers for desired changes and action taken only on the results view of this the question of non-recognition should not arise.

*Previous articles appeared on 2nd, 5th, and 12th instant.

DEDUCTIONS AND FINES.

Regarding deduction from wages on account of disciplinary reasons, damage sustained by the employer and the use of materials and tools or other benefits provided by the employer the Commission finds the practice appears to be prevalent on a larger scale in cotton mills, especially in Bombay Presidency. It is necessary for owners' organisations in consultation with technical experts and workers' representatives to jointly formulate all common faults that occur during the process of manufacture of cotton to cloth and standardise a certain fine for certain so that the strikes and lock-outs may be minimised. Here it may be stated that the Commission recommends recognition of all workers' organisations and in type of fault which may be strictly due to the carelessness of the worker.

In cotton mills the work of fining weavers is controlled by "cut-lookers" in consultation with head jobbers and sometimes the officer in charge of the department. It is not possible sometimes to find out the real cause of the fault and the worker has to suffer.

FIXED SCALE NECESSARY.

A comprehensive list of different faults that arise during various processes on account of the carelessness of the worker and a fixed fine for such a fault would certainly serve as a guide at the time of fining. The workers would then not only know what fine they will have to pay for a particular mistake but a check would be placed on the "cut-lookers," who at times fine exhorbitantly. If the workers know what are the fines, the chances for offering a bribe to the cutlooker or the head jobber would be reduced. The advantage from such a standard list would also be that the disparity in fining which is existing more or less in different mills would be lessened.

WEEKLY PAYMENTS.

The Commission having considered at length the question of the period at which the payment to worker should be made so that he would be relieved of debt consequently producing a definite increase in efficiency, recommend weekly payment. As an experiment weekly payment may be started and if found satisfactory may be adopted before it is enforced by a legislation. There is only one point against this arrangement and that is, on pay-day the workers, as they receive the payment during working hours, much time is lost and production suffers.

At present this happens only once a month but in case o weekly payments it would happen 4 times a month. If some system of payments such as distribution of packets containing pay o workers by a special clerk kept for the purpose, in the departments, is devised, then only it would be possible to lessen the loss of hours on pay-day.

WELFARE COMMITTEES.

The working and organisation of the workpeople's welfare committee at the Buckingham and Carnatic Mills have been thoroughly dealt with in the chapter on "Industrial Disputes" by the Whitley Commission Workers' Committee to safeguard their own interests and to represent the grievances is the only medium to establish closer contact between the mill staff and the worker. The discussions would avert strikes if properly carried out. In these days it is not desirable that an attempt should be made to interfere with any Workers' Committee if existing in a Mill even though many hitches would come up during working.

PRESENT LACK OF CONTACT.

If workers organisations have no control over the men, efforts should be made and encouraged by the management to establish a committee and increase contact between staff and workers as far as possible. On page 340 of the report it has been stated: "We believe that an important factor at work in creating industrial unrest in India is the lack of contact which too often exists between employers and employed." The lack of contact as found out by the Commission is due to (1) Management and supervision of industry being in hands of men of different class and race from those of workers (2) many industrial concerns controlled by British or other foreign management (3) Indian management when there exists, being of a different race not only so far as caste or religion is concerned but existance of big division of the Indian nation (4) the control of leading establishments being British while the bulk of labour is Indian.

In order to establish contact the Commission suggests (1) the development of stable trade unions (2) appointment of labour officers and (3) formation of works committees.

I may say in conclusion that it is the improvement in education that will bring about desired results so far as workers and technical staff both are concerned.

Strong co-operation is necessary between the owners, municipalities and workers to start schools both for general and technical education. Any proposal put forward to ameliorate the hardships of the workers resulting in higher efficiency, will, I am sure, be appreciated by them.

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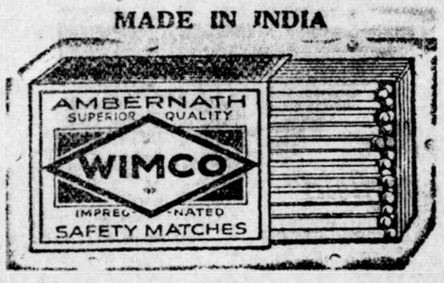

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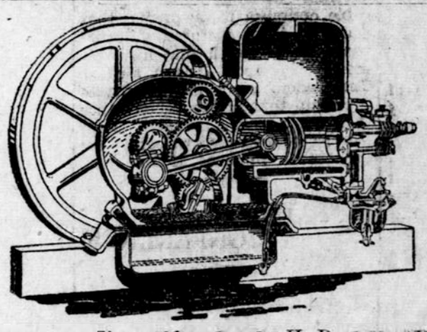

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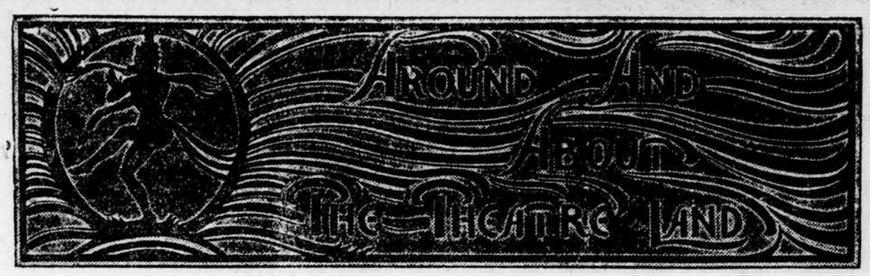


The Passing Week

By Our Art And Dramatic Critic

THE THEATRE AS AN INTERNATIONAL MEDIUM OF EXPRESSION

and thought, art and culture, cannot and should not remain casual. It cannot and should not depend on chance or charity. It must preserve the standards of its distinction and advance with the advancing times. The immense, almost infinite, possibilities of the Theatre as a dynamic power for national regeneration, are yet practically and systematically unexplored. The Theatre cannot any longer remain isolated from life and thought, art and culture, national and international. The screen and the stage, music and dancing, literature, painting, settings, scenic construction and costume-design and the various activities and thoughts of the theatreland which mould and influence national education and endeavour—all demand now constant and systematic attention These columns are meant to ensure that attention.

The talkie adaptation of "Hototogisu", the Japanese war novel with the aid, described elsewhere on this page, of the skilled technicians from the Paramount establishments, initiating closer industrial co-operation between Japan and America, the Ottawa Conference, likely to demand an all-round Imperial film quota of British films", and, lastly, the newly aroused fervour of Elstree suggest unquestionably the direction towards which the screen industry outside India is very slowly, perhaps, but very effectively proceeding.

* * *

In a thoughtful and reasoned editorial, the "Film Weely" London, outlines the reasons which prompted the journal to survey in a special 'British Number' the conditions at present existing, of British film-making. He admits that in many cases the film from Hollywood are marked by a superior technical finish. The Journal's championship of British films "does not imply any slight upon the magnificent contributions that Hollywood is making" The native film genius of Hollywood still "commands the admiration of the world."

* * *

Even the most ardent love, of British films does not, the journal rightly observes, "expect and could not desire, to see Hollywood superseded by Elstree, for the highest destiny of the cinemas is that it should be an international theatre bringing before the film-goer the finest flower of the whole world's talent." '

* * *

That is the point of view now definitely and openly advocated if not altogether completely accepted by Western film producers. That is the point of view I have in these columns, repeatedly emphasised. The "highest destiny" of the cinema must be visualised as "an international theatre". In fact, the theatre is, actually and with increasing zest employed as an international medium of art and expression. The recent gathering in Stratford-on-Avon for the opening of the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre from all over the world is only one of the many vivid manifestations of international efforts on the stage and the screen.

* * *

Nearer home, the enterprise of the Anderson Repertoire Company should be suggestive of the artistic possibilities practically left unexplored, of the theatre in India. Mr. Grant Anderson's work is not, of course, easy. Evidently, he is not one who seeks things easy or cheap. His co-operation with Indian players and playwrights is, decidedly, a significant sign of the times.

* * *

The presence in the city of M. J. Levy representing "La Societe Des Films Osso", Paris is another of those significant incidents which should arouse the somewhat somnolent outlook of those actively engaged in the tack of national reconstruction of the stage and the screen.

* * *

The special press view of "Un Soir De Raffle" ("A Night Raid in Paris) arranged by him on Tuesday morning at the Capitol brought together quite an appreciable number of those actively interested in the screen industry. They should have been left in no doubt about what is, actually happening in the international world of the theatre. There were qualities of presentment of the story, of significant acting, of purposive technical efficiency and skill of the camera-man they could not have over-looked.

* * *

If really they did not so overlook, will they now realise that every nation in the West is making heroic endeavours to adjust its national screen industry to international standards of production and to international demands of artistic taste, not to diffused sentiment and demoralising superlatives.

filmgoer the finest flower of the whole world's talent.

Regarding the contents of this Number, we have sought to place before filmgoers, for future reference as well as for immediate information, a comprehensive survey of British film-making—its plans and personnel, its methods, aims and atmosphere. Many people do not yet realise the size and importance of the industry which the ever-growing popularity of British pictures has brought into existence. To-day something like thirty thousand people, including artists, technicians and studio workers of all grades, are deriving a livelihood from the production of films in this country. The achievements and personalities of the leading figures among this large body of workers are discussed in the following pages.

The programme of current and coming British films on page 33-45 forms impressive evidence of the influential part our native filmmakers will play in cinema entertainment during the coming months. The list is astonishing in its variety and we believe that we shall not be guilty of unjustifiable optimism if we predict that many of these pictures will surpass the best work that has hitherto come from British studios. Our readers' keen interest makes it certain that, if the performance is as good as the promise, there will be a rapturous welcome for the British films of 1932.

OTTAWA CONFERENCE

AN IMPERIAL FILM QUOTA

Those who came to Ottawa this July as official representatives of their countries at the Imperial Economic Conference will speak for almost 500,000,000 people, or almost one-quarter of the world's population. India and all the Dominions are to have their own bodies of delegates, and the representatives of the British Government will hold a brief also of course, for the wide-spread Crown Colonies.

One of the main questions before the Conference will be the establishment of an all-round Imperial quota of Brtish films.

It is estimated that the delegates and their official parties will number more than 200; and present also will be many unofficial observers on behalf of political and economic organisations and scores of Press men from all parts of the world. The Conference has aroused great interest in the United States because of the magnitude of the issues involved and the potential effect on American trade of decisions which may be reached.

The Government of Canada has arrangements well in hand, and Parliament has voted £50,000 for entertainment of official delegates. They will be housed for the most part in the Chateau Laurier Hotel, a large and modern structure which is the property of the Canadian National Railways. It is understood to be the desire of all concerned in the Conference that the inevitable banquets and receptions shall be reduced to the minimum, in order that the vital business of the gathering may be expeded.—"The Era."

British Films—To-day And To-morrow

DESTINY OF THE CINEMA

The current "British Number" of the "Film Weekly" is an instructive document. It is a "comprehensive survey British film making." The following editorial note from the journal suggest "the highest destiny of the cinema."

Film weekly's British Number is the outcome of a persistent demand by our readers for more news about British films.

Ever since talkies arrived, British pictures have occupied a position in the film world of previously unequalled interest and importance. The first British talkie was a decidedly better picture than the first Hollywood talkie, and many subsequent British pictures have run Hollywood so close that the disparity between the two producing centres to-day is one of commercial magnitude rather than artistic significance.

Besides the progress made by our native producers, it is worth noting, too, that Hollywood herself is relying upon the aid of British players and authors to a greater extent than ever before in her history. Hollywood films, as we must frankly admit, are still marked, in many cases, by a superior technical finish, but, though they are produced in California, they are partly the work, in an increasingly large proportion, of British artists and craftsmen who have gone overseas to find jobs.

Let it not be supposed that we seek to belittle the native film genius of Hollywood which has justly evoked, and still commands, the admiration of the world.

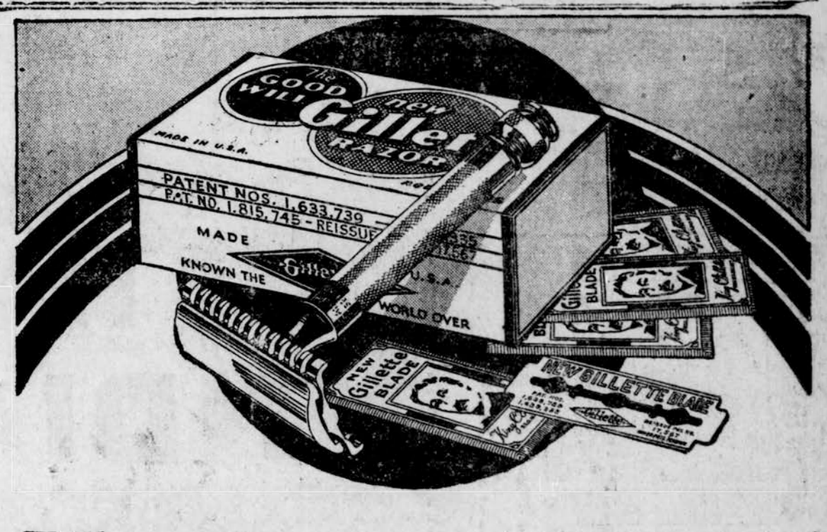
To be pro-Elstree is not to be anti-Hollywood. That we are drawing attention, in this British Number of Film Weekly, to the notable work of British filmmakers to-day does not imply any slight upon the magnificent contributions that Hollywood is making, and will continue to make, to the enjoyment of British filmgoers.

Even the most ardent lover of British films does not expect, and could not desire, to see Hollywood superseded by Elstree, for the highest destiny of the cinema is that it should be an international theatre bringing before the

How To Remove A Bad Complexion.

Cosmetics can never really help a poor complexion; often they are positively harmful. The sensible, rational way is to actually remove the thin veil of stifling, half-dead scarf skin from the face, and give the fresh, vigorous and beautiful young skin underneath a chance to show itself and to breathe.

This is best done in a very simple way, by merely applying mercolized wax at night, like cold cream, and washing it off in the morning Good mercolized wax can be obtained from any well-stocked chemist. It absorbs the disfiguring cuticle gradually and harmlessly, leaving a brilliant natural complexion. Of course, this also takes with it all such facial blemishes as red blotches, tan, moth patches, sallowness, liver spots, pimples, etc. As a freckle remover and general complexion beautifier this old-fashioned remedy is unequalled.



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CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

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Parsi—Adar, 17, 1301.
Muslim—Mohurrum 14, 1351.
Sunrise 6h. 3m.
Sunset 7h. 7m.
Hightide—18.00.
Lowtide—6.03, 19.04.
Phases of the Moon: Last Quarter 27th May 10h. 24m. a.m. New Moon June 5, 1st quarter 12th June.
S.S. "Rajputana" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Exhibition Hockey: Olympic Team vs. Bombay Customs. Cooperage, 6 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.—12 noon, gramophone records; 9-20 p.m., news in Hindi; 9-40 p.m., classical and light music by Shamshadbai of Delhi, accompanied by Khansaheb Hussein Bux in sarangi.

Domestic Occurrence

MARRIAGE.

KAMAT—NERURKER.—On 20th May, 1932, at 7, Laburnum Road, Gamdevi, Gajananrao Ravji Kamat, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Sylhet, Assam, to Nalinee, daughter of Dr. J. S. Nerurker, Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.—Telegraphic communication with Novagoa and connecting stations is imperfect and telegrams to and from these stations are subject to delay.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The N. Y. K. steamer "Tottori Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of Call on the 19th inst. and is expected to arrive here on or about the 17th June.

The steamer "Clan MacGillivery" left Suez on the evening of the 18th instant.

The P. & O. Mail steamer "Comorin" with the Mails from Bombay of 14th instant arrived at Aden at 11.30 p.m. on the 18th instant and left there at 4-30 a.m. the following day.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 22nd instant.

Owing to the issue of the Curfew Order by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay deliveries of registered and unregistered correspondence, parcels and money orders will be issued at the Bombay General Post Office at the following hours:—

Ordinary unregd. correspondence 9-30 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m.

Regd. letters, Parcels and Money Orders 11.30, a.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR.
"Wicked", featuring Elissa Landi.
Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Matinee, Sat., 4 pm.
Matinee, Sun., 4 p.m.

EMPRESS.
"I take this Woman".
To-day, 3.30 and 5-45 p.m.
Sunday, 3-30 and 5.45 p.m.

CAPITOL.
"Sporting Blood".
Daily at 6 and 10 p.m.
Matinee, to-day, 3.30 p.m.
Matinee, Sun., 3-30 p.m.
Extra Show, Sun., 10 a.m.

RIALTO.
"Good News".
To-day, 3.30 and 6 p.m.
Sunday, 10 a.m., and 3-30 and 6 p.m.

PATHE.
"Midnight Daddies".
To-day, 3.30 and 6 p.m.
Sunday, 10 a.m., and 3-30 and 6 p.m.
Thursday, 3.30 p.m.

WELLINGTON.
"Daddy Long Legs".
Daily, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
Matinee, to-day, 4 p.m.
Matinee, Sunday, 4 p.m.

BUDDHA'S 2556th "THRICE SACRED" DAY

Commemoration Meeting

A public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) under the auspices of the Buddha Society, Bombay, to consecrate the memory of the Bhagwan Buddha's 2556th Thrice Sacred Day Anniversary at Anand Bihara in the compound of Bai Yemunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital, next to Bombay Central Station. Madame Sophia Wadia will preside.

Coimbatore.—Mr. V. Roma Doss Pantulu opened to-day in Oppanakara Street a branch of the Bank of Hindustan Limited before a large gathering of leading residents and businessmen of Coimbatore.

"SITUATION HAD NEVER GOT OUT OF HAND"

Bombay Government Issue Official Communique About Bombay Riots

We have received from the Director of Information a lengthy official history of the disturbances since their outbreak on Saturday last. We have omitted from this statement portions which deal with facts already well-known to the public but retained all those passages dealing with the measures taken by the authorities to cope with the situation:—

The origin of the riots which have been going on for the past six days is somewhat obscure. One cause, it is suggested, is to be found in the refusal of Hindus to contribute alms for the taboots to some Mahomedan boys who were collecting money. Another suggested cause is that Mahomedan boy struck a cow. Both incidents are said to have occurred in the vicinity of Nagdevi Street and the first intimation of trouble was received by the police at 3-30 p.m. on the afternoon of Saturday the 14th, when it was reported that Hindus and Muslims were fighting in this locality.

A police party at once went out and found crowds of people dispersed in small parties at street corners. No fighting was going on but there was considerable excitement. Pickets were at once put out by the police and a party of armed police was sent for and the Deputy Commissioner of Police (Divisions) at once proceeded to the disturbed area.

SODA WATER BOTTLES SEIZED.

At about 4-30 information was received that some Multanis residing in a building in a side lane near a Hindu temple at Nagdevi Street were throwing soda water bottles at passers-by. The Deputy Commissioner of Police entered the building and confiscated a case of soda water bottles.

A little later a procession which was taking a well known Mahomesan gentleman along Nagdevi Street, was stoned from adjacent buildings and this led to skirmishes between Hindus and Mahomedans at various places in the locality and soon stone throwing and assaults became general, necessitating fire being opened on the mob, which was dispersed.

POLICE CHIEF ON SPOT.

The Commissioner of Police had arrived on the scene and the police pickets were multiplied and strengthened. Several Hindu shops were looted, but quiet was restored by 7 p.m. by which time the casualties were 5 dead and 87 injured. The situation was quiet throughout the night and on Sunday morning, but police vigilance was not relaxed. The military were also asked to stand by.

Sunday morning had been announced as the occasion of a raid on the Wadala Salt Works under the auspices of Congress and the later for weeks past had made every endeavour to ensure that a large and turbulent crowd should gather at Wadala in order to break into the works and steal and destroy salt.

It was deemed essential to post a strong force of police at Wadala to prepare for all eventualities. The Commissioner of Police and the Chief Presidency Magistrate were both at Wadala early on Sunday morning together with 250 police but the Commissioner was in constant telephonic communication with Pydhonie Police Station in whose area the disturbances of Saturday took place. As it happened, the Congress raid on Wadala was a complete and utter fiasco and the police had no difficulty in dealing with the few people who attempted to get into the Salt Works. Before 11 o'clock the Commissioner of Police and the Chief Presidency Magistrate had left for Pydhonie.

TROOPS CALLED IN.

Crowds began to collect at Masjid Bunder and assaults were reported from several places. The Commissioner of Police anticipated that serious trouble might be expected and at once asked for military aid, a request which was promptly responded to, and by 1 p.m. 100 troops belonging to the Royal Irish Fusiliers arrived and were posted at strategic centres.

The statement then proceeds to narrate the various incidents that occurred during the afternoon and evening and continues:

After six in the evening the situation worsened and seemed to be extending to other localities and 125 more troops were sent for and posted where they seemed to be most required. The Commissioner of Police also applied for armed police from the District and issued an order forbidding the carrying of sticks, knives, etc., by the public.

TEMPLE SET ON FIRE.

Hindu Maruti temple at Chinchbunder Road which was set on fire but the police extinguished the fire and rescued the 'Pujari.' Looting of shops was rife in Kabutakhana, Chakla Street, Masjid Bunder Road, Khoja Street and Duncan Road. A house was set on fire in Samuel Street and the police who tried to put it out were stoned by a crowd of Hindus, who had to be fired upon before they were dispersed.

Throughout Sunday night and the early hours of Monday morning there were several disturbances necessitating firing by the police although the usual Moharrum Majlis were held without interference. After daylight however several dead bodies were found of Hindus who had been murdered and left in the streets. The slight lull did not last long and at 8-30 a.m. a number of Mahomedan shops at Kalbadevi Road, Girgaum Road and Bhuleshwar Road were broken open, looted and burnt. Throughout the day murder—in many cases of a peculiarly cold-blooded and ferocious character—arson and looting continued.

EVERY AVAILABLE POLICEMAN ON DUTY.

Every available policeman was on duty constantly engaged in dispersing crowds, rescuing people and preventing looting and incendiarism, while the fire brigade and various Ambulance Corps were at work every minute of the day. Late that evening at about 8 p.m. prompt action by the police and a military picket at Nagpada prevented a bloody riot when they stopped a thousand Mahomedans from Madanpura who were marching to Islampura as the result of a rumour that mosque had been demolished. An hour later the police had to fire seven shots to disperse a mob Hindus and Mahomedans who were fighting in Arthur Road Junction. Only 37 mills were working out of 71 but the situation in the mill area was quiet.

GOVERNOR COMES DOWN FROM MAHABLESHWAR.

His Excellency the Governor arrived from Mahableshwar in the afternoon and the situation was reported to him. That afternoon detachments of the Royal Artillery and the 4th/8th Punjabis relieved the Royal Irish Fusiliers. Further, the milittary aid was requisitioned from Poona and the Bombay Battalion (Auxiliary Force) and the Light Motor Patrol were called out. The casualties reported up to midnight on Monday the 16th amounted to 68 dead, of whom 50 were Hindus and 16 Mahomedans, and 986 injured of whom 564 were Hindus and 412 Mahomedans, the other 10 being of different communities.

Throughout Monday the disturbances continued.

On Tuesday morning the Chief Presidency Magistrate issued two orders, one prohibiting groups of more than five persons from collecting or assembling in the streets and the other prohibiting anybody standing, loitering or remaning on any public thoroughfare between the hours of 8 p.m. and 6 a.m. These orders applied to practically the whole of the City. .....

TROUBLE IN MILL AREA.

Up to the 16th the situation in the mill area was fairly quiet but on the 17th two Mahomedans were murdered by Hindus opposite the B. B. & C. I. Railway workshops and De Lisle Road Bridge, while a Hindu was stabbed by a Mahomedan at Naigaum and a Mahomedan was killed in the Bholwada section, while there were assaults by Mahomedans on Hindus in the Byculla section and by Hindus on Mahomedans in the De Lisle Road section and three attacks on Mahomedans by Hindus at Currey Road as the result of which there was restlessness amongst the mill-hands.

MORE TROOPS ARRIVE.

More troops had by this time arrived, including the Second Battalion of the Green Howards who were stationed at Victoria Gardens and one section of the 9th Armoured Car Company. The casualties up to midnight of the 17th were 96 killed, of whom 68 were Hindus and 28 Mahomedans, and 1,307 injured, of whom 684 were Hindus, 609 Mahomedans, and 14 other castes.

The situation took a definite turn for the better during Tuesday night, although there were numerous instances murder, looting and arson, several dead bodies being picked up in the morning. The mill area, however, gave cause for some anxiety, as numerous assaults on Mahomedans were reported from Parel, Kalachowkie Road, Clerk Road and other places. The mosques in the jurisdiction of the Kalachowkie police station was stoned by Hindus and the police had to fire before the crowd was dispersed. Several assaults were reported to the De Lisle Road Police Station and the owner of the Vithoba temple at Souter Street within the jurisdiction of the Agripada police station reported that during that night some unknown persons had entered the temple and smashed the idols. .....

The mill area cotinued disturbed throughout the day and there were free fights between Hindus and Mahomedans and stones were thrown at the De Lisle Road mosque. .....

On Wednesday three chawls at Worli were converted into temporary prisons and the work of rounding up bad characters was actively proceeded with.

The casualties up to midnight of 18th May (Wednesday) were 123 dead, of whom 83 were Hindus and 40 Mahomedans, and 1,465 injured, of whom 755 were Hindus and 692 Mahomedans.

On Thursday there was a distinct improvement in the southern part of the City and trams started to run as far as Pydhonie. Further north, however, in the mill area, the situation was not so good.

HUGE TOLL.

Up to midnight on Thursday 19th May, the casualties were 133 dead (89 Hindus and 49 Mahomedans) and 1,601 injured (797 Hindus and 783 Mahomedans) the rest being of other communities.

In the course of the day orders were issued calling up the Bombay Light Horse (Auxiliary Force) and some of the 5th (Bombay) Field Brigade R.A. (Auxiliary Force).

To-day (Friday) shows a further improvement in the situation.

The brief account given above covers only a few of the incidents of these unhappy days, but they suffice to show the nature of the disturbances and to indicate the difficulties which have confronted the authorities in dealng with them.

SITUATION HAD NEVER GOT OF HAND.

Government have had to deal with a grave situation which is not yet cleared up. But the situation has never got out of hand, although the nature of the disorder makes it one of peculiar difficulty, and the effect of the measures taken are not always immediately apparent. The public, however, may rest assured that Government has ample forces at its command and are fully able to judge, and to take at the earliest possible moment, what measures are necessary too meet the constantly changing needs of the situation.

ASSAULT ON DR. GOUR

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We are not in the least astonished to read Maulana Shaukatali's statement denying the truth that Khilafat volunteers had partaken in assaulting us on Saturday the 14th instant. The Maulana's statement is evidently based on Maulana Irfan's version, as Maulana Shaukatali himself was not on the spot. We know Maulana Irfan well, we cannot deceive our eyes and ears. We distinctly heard him saying "Maro sala badmash-ko Congress ke ghulam." And the Khilafat volunteers came ahead abused us and assaulted us with lathies.

This is not the first occasion. We heard and saw all these things at the Jinnah Hall when nearly all the members of the Nationalist Muslim Party were assaulted and abused. Who else could do it? We were amongst the Muslim crowd and trying to pacify them when Maulana Irfan was looking at us from a distance and when we boarded our car, he was in the vicinity.

Truth always prevails in the end. The time will come when the truth will shine out like dawn and the public will know the real culprits, who started the Bombay riots for their selfish motives. We can bring forward scores of eye-witnesses to corroborate our statement but we close our lips and wait for Allah's judgment, to whom we have entrusted our case.—Yours etc.,

Dr. M. S. Gour.
Hassanali J. Mooraj
Yoosuf E. Moledina

City Slowly Returning To Normal Life

(Continued from page 1).

going along the Bhuleswar road. He was stopped by a constable and arrested.

HAUL OF MAVALIS AT NULL BAZAR

A big haul of the mavalis of the city from the centre of the Muslim locality in Null Bazar was effected this morning by the military and the police, who besieged and surrounded more than a dozen buildings in Mistry Mohalla, Kaji Mohalla and Jambli Mohalla.

More than 300 mavalis which included 220 Mahomedans, were arrested from these places. All of them were removed to the Worli temporary prison, after being remanded to jail custody by a presidency magistrate, who was present when the raids took place.

Arrests were effected in other parts of the city as well, and in all 450 mavalis were taken to jail custody before 1 p.m. to-day.

The number of mavalis rounded up so far mounts up to nearly 1,200.

The Worli B.D.D. Chawls, where these suspicious characters are housed, are guarded by police and military fenced by barbed wires six feet high.

GOONDAS IN SUBURBS.

It is believed that some of the well-known goondas of the city have already left Bombay, alarmed at the strict vigilance of the police. It is said that they have escaped with costly loot. The police are on the track of some of these mavalis who have sought refuge in the suburbs.

ARSON ATTEMPTS.

Mahomedan hooligans of Abdul Rehman Street attempted, this morning, to set fire to two buildings, which though owned by Muslims were occupied by Hindus, who have already vacated them.

The first attempt was made at about 3 a.m. when some of them collected hay and set fire to a building in the Street. The prompt arrival of the fire brigades, however, averted a blaze.

Hooligans again attempted to set fire to an adjoining building at about 12 noon. Volumes of smoke were seen issuing out of it. The fire brigade, on being communicated with, hastened to the scene and put out the flames.

A large crowd was present on the spot and would not move on, in spite of repeated orders to disperse. The police had, therefore, to make a mild lathi charge to drive them away.

There were five other attempts to set fire to houses and the fire brigade had to respond to seven calls for help from different parts of Bombay.

STRAY ASSAULTS.

Stray assaults on innocent pedestrians continued to-day also, but there were comparatively few

(Continued on page 9).

THE CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3-30, 6 & 10 P.M. NOTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS

THE MOST NOVEL AND EXCITING FILM OF THE YEAR!

A THRILLING EPIC OF LOVE & HORSE RACING

Tired of gangster films and society romances? Then this is what you crave—a story of humanity as fine as "Ben-Hur," as thrilling as "The Big Parade"!

directed by CHARLES BRABIN

Sporting Blood

with the new screen sensation—

CLARK GABLE

and a great cast including ERNEST TORRENCE, MADGE EVANS, MARIE PREVOST, LEW CODY and "TOMMY BOY"

Also A CHARLIE CHASE Comedy

"We need each other more than ever!"

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

PATHE CINEMA

Saturday 3-30 & 6 p.m.
Sunday 10 a.m., 3-30 & 6 p.m.

Note.—There will be NO 10 P.M. SHOW during Curfew order.

MACK SENNETT

Presents
HIS FIRST FULL LENGTH COMEDY.

MIDNIGHT DADDIES
MIDNIGHT DADDIES
MIDNIGHT DADDIES

featuring
HARRY GRIBBON
ANDY CLYDE
ALMA BENNETT

And a host of Mack Sennett Beauties.

A Scream from start to finish.

PATHE SUPER SOUND GAZETTE

PLEAST NOTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS!

THE RIALTO

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 3-30 & 6 P.M. ONLY

MORNING SHOW AT 10 ON SUNDAY.

LIVE THEIR LOVES!
SING THEIR SONGS!
DANCE THEIR DANCES!

A Grand and Glorious Whirling of Youth!

Fun, Frolics, Football!

16 SONG HITS!

Starring
BESSIE LOVE
MARY LAWLOR
CLIFF EDWARDS
STANLEY SMITH

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's MUSICAL COMEDY.

Nair Charitable Hospital

The following is the statement of patients admitted into Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital from 15th instant as a result of the recent disturbance in the city:—

	15th May 1932.	16th May 1932.	17th May 1932.	Total.
Patients Admitted	31	19	3	53
Males	30	19	3	52
Female	1	Nil.	Nil.	1
Hindus	27	17	2	46
Muslims	4	2	Nil.	6
Christians	Nil.	Nil.	1	1
DETAILS OF INPURIES.				
Soda water bottles & stone	10	1	Nil.	11
Lathi	13	9	Nil.	22
Stab wounds	5	6	1	12
Bullet wounds	3	3	2	8
Total	31	19	3	53
Deaths	1	1	1	3
Treated and discharged	7	22	1	30

Your Boy or Girl

NEEDS AS MUCH

Mental Food

AS YOU

GIVE HIM OR HER

THE

Children's News

(Or Balakhwan in Hindi Edition)

AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY

The Children's News, Nai Sarai, Delhi.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1932.

BRITISH INDIA WILL NOT WAIT

The "Times" (London) publishes an eloquent appeal from Dr. Rabindranath Tagore for a "gesture of good-will from both sides, spontaneous and generous in its faith in humanity, which will create a moral federation of constructive works of public good and inner harmony between the peoples of India and England." The Archbishop of York, the Master of Balliol, Prof. Gilbert Murray and Sir Francis Younghusband say in a covering letter that an appeal of such outstanding influence should be widely known and that public opinion in their own country "is ready to welcome and respond to it." If the Archbishop of York and the others who have commended the poet's appeal to Britain are right in their view that their country is ready to respond to it, it may be because many things have happened in India since March.

OUR FORECAST CONFIRMED.

We have not yet observed any signs of response from Britain to the poet's appeal. It is clear however, that the British Government have once again realised the futility of repression and that in Britain's own interest they are eager to bring the Indian struggle to a speedy end. According to the Diplomatic Editor of the "Daily Herald", it is probable that an India Bill will be introduced in Parliament, as we announced some time ago, even before the Summer recess. He confirms our forecast of the Bill saying that the Cabinet has definitely decided that provincial autonomy should come first and that self-government at the Centre should be postponed. Though Dr. Tagore does not concern himself much with details, we have no doubt he would not be satisfied with such a response to his appeal for a gesture. Even a Prince of Moderates like Mr. Sastri feels constrained to warn Britain that, "instead of proving British good-faith the hastening of provincial autonomy will engender profound suspicion and stimulate the forces of disorder."

NO SIDE-TRACKING.

Dr. Shaafat Ahmad Khan, whose suggestion in the "Times" that a beginning should be made with provincial autonomy was trounced by Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, now writes again to that paper saying that "there is no difference at all in their views on the method by which the new constitution is to be brought into operation". He says that: "if the details can be worked out within the few months, visualised by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and the new Federal Government start its career next year, nobody will be happier than myself." But some other parts of Dr. Khan's letter show that his own views about the next constitutional step are not a little confused. In various other quarters too we have noticed much loose thinking about the alternatives to a speedy introduction of a full-fledged Federal Constitution. This loose thinking is noticeable in Dr. Khan's second letter to the "Times". At one place he says that he has all along contended that, "the Provinces cannot wait for the introduction of responsibility at the Centre, as the working out of the details of the Federation scheme will involve considerable delay." This can only mean that since Federation with the Princes will mean long delay, British India, as a whole, should have responsible Government immediately. But almost in the next sentence Dr. Khan wriggles out of this position, drops all reference to Central responsibility and says that pending the completion of the Federal scheme, "provincial autonomy should be conferred on every province simultaneously without further delay." This attempt to side-track the vital issue of Central responsibility must be strongly condemned.

LET THE PRINCES GO.

It is commonly but erroneously believed that in the event of federation with the Princes being indefinitely delayed, there is only one alternative scheme possible that of provincial autonomy, as if Central responsibility were unthinkable without the Princes coming in. As a matter of fact the British Government pledged themselves to give full responsible Government to India, long before the States suggested or accepted Federation and without any condition about association with the Princes. If the Federal scheme cannot be put through that is no reason for withholding the earlier plan for full responsible Government from British India. Let the Princes go their way. They can take care of themselves and they can look after themselves. But British India cannot wait. The demands of the people must be fully satisfied, if there is to be peace in the country.

De Valera Goes On

After a great many tribulations, threats and counter-threats, the Irish Dail has passed the removal of the Oath of Allegiance Bill by a majority of eight, 77 members voting for it and 69 against. The result was expected, though the public were left in doubt as to the attitude of the Labour Party, since a prominent member, Mr. Davin, had said that Mr. De Valera had no definite mandate from the country whether the Free State should or should not remain in the British Commonwealth. He advocated a referendum to decide the question once for all. But the passing of the Bill does not mean that Ireland intends going out of the British Empire, as the Oath of Allegiance is a mere formality and no one, not even those who helped the drafting of the Treaty, attached any special importance to it.

NOT TO SECEDE.

Mr. De Valera has never publicly stated that he intended to secede from the British Empire, though if he is forced to do it by narrow-minded Tory Imperialists, who are in power at Westminster, he may have to reconsider his whole position. It is true Mr. De Valera has received no mandate from the Free State to "cut the painter," but if such a question should arise he can be trusted to take a referendum on the point. But the point has not yet been raised, though Mr. J.H. Thomas has vaguely referred to it, in many of his threats. Since the Statute of Westminster gives every Dominion full power to do what it likes, whether to remain in the Empire or to go out of it, we fail to understand why so much dust is raised over this question.

NOT WORTH A WAR.

Mr. De Valera fought the last election on the issue of the Oath of Allegiance, and he received a definite mandate from the country to abolish it. As to the question of Land Annuities, since England has benefited herself immensely at the cost of Ireland all these decades and is responsible for the present state of poverty of the country, Mr. De Valera can with perfect right refuse to pay them. To England three millions is a mere flea-bite, but to the Free State it represents an unbearable burden, and to insist on its payment would be merely to parade the fact of the Free State's political subordination to England. The matter is too insignificant for England to go to war about and the electors would certainly not tolerate such insensate folly.

THOMAS'S FOLLY.

It is well to remember in this connection that the Statement of Objects and Reasons of the Bill leaves Article 12 of the Irish Constitution intact, which states that the "Parliament of the Irish Free State shall be the King, the Dail and the Senate." In face of it, it is rather difficult to appreciate the studied insolence of the Dominions Secretary, Mr. Thomas, in his new aristocratic surroundings. The intransigeance of these Imperialists is driving even moderate opinion in Ireland into the arms of Mr. De Valera, and we have no doubt, if he is forced to decide the issue by an appeal to Ireland, he will win a large majority of votes in his favour. Even Mr. Davin resented the right of Mr. Thomas to dictate to the Free State the conditions under which it should remain within the Commonwealth.

LESSON FOR IMPERIALISTS.

There are people in England, among the Tory ranks, who are making capital out of this attitude of the Irish people, and ask whether in these circumstances, it is safe to concede to India the right to secede, which the Mahatma has been demanding so firmly. English people would do well to remember that it is impossible for their country to keep any Dominion or Colony within the Empire permanently by force. It can only remain if the link between the two is stronger than mere force. India would be only too willing to remain within the British Commonwealth, if her interests were linked to those of England by the golden bonds of affection and confidence, as well as mutual interest and not otherwise.

LAND MORTGAGE CREDIT IN MYSORE

The most interesting feature of the recently published Annual Report of the Working of Co-Operative Societies in Mysore for the year 1930-31 is the record of the progress achieved by the State in the direction of land mortgage credit. While we in Bombay have been tinkering with the problem for the past ten years or so. Mysore has forged ahead and possesses a full-fledged Central Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank with no less than twelve primary land mortgage societies affiliated to it. The only interest that the Government of Bombay have shown in the organisation of this very important branch of rural credit is the placing of a sum of five lacs of rupees at the disposal of the Provincial Co-operative Bank.

In Mysore Government have in addition to subscribing to debentures of the value of one lac of rupees, assisted in starting a new organisation for the purpose and have created the post of a Deputy Registrar of co-operative Societies to examine applications for loans and ensure the proper observance of all legal formalities before advances are made. Two experienced Government officials are also engaged to undertake the work of land valuation, and in addition the whole of the Bank's working expenses for the first year, namely Rs. 21,000 have been met by the Government of the State.

In the sphere of rural reconstruction, the report records achievement of which the State may well be proud. Two colonies have been established on co-operative lines for Adi Karnataka families. Financial stringency has prevented other colonization schemes being taken in hand, but it may be noted that amelioration work in other areas is, in addition, being carried on through ordinary and separate co-operative societies. Grants for lands, finance for cultivators' loans for house-building, co-operative credit, bonuses to secretaries of societies, free gift of account books and registers, supply of agricultural implements, these are some among the services for a provision of which the Registrar of Co-operative Societies makes himself responsible. We have in this Presidency nothing to challenge comparison with these activities and with the stranded finances of Government it may be years before their newly-appointed Backward Classes officer can take in hand any active measures, like those referred to above, for the amelioration of the most downtrodden section of the community.

BOMBAY'S APPALLING TRAGEDY

Perils Of Remaining Untaught By Previous Experience

(BY J. D. J.)

I think the "Chronicle" has written very sensibly about the appalling tragedy that has again visited the city of Bombay. There has been, as the "Chronicle" accurately described it, a "bath of blood" as in 1929.

It is very difficult to write moderately at this hour. One would have thought that after what happened in 1929, those who claim to be responsible for "law and order" in the City; those who claim to have a monopoly of knowledge, and wisdom derived from experience, should have acted promptly on this occasion. Surely one would have thought it was not necessary to emphasise the obvious measures that should have been taken within 24 hours of the outbreak of the disaster.

WHERE "PRESENT SYSTEM" FAILS.

The appalling events of the last few days have simply strengthened the firm conviction arrived at by most sensible persons, namely that, the present system is wholly out of date when it comes to the question of the preservation of law and order in an emergency of this nature. The present system may be admirably suited for the purpose of suppressing newspapers, and chasing "chokras" in the streets, for selling printed sheets declared unlawful, or chasing manufacturers of salt—but not while the city was invaded by rough and dangerous elements, and when the two communities were in an ugly mood.

If it is true that the hooligan element of the two communities is responsible (and it is obvious that it is) for these foul murders; then what are we to think of a system which had to be persuaded by conciliation committees to take immediate and effective measures for dealing with a dangerous situation?

RESPONSIBLE AND TRULY NATIONAL GOVT. NECESSARY.

Has it come to this, that ordinary citizens have to go begging for the immediate employment of obvious measures such as the Curfew Order, the prohibition of assembly of more than five persons in the street and the prompt rounding up of known bad characters? The opinion was formed long ago and recent events have confirmed the firm conviction of many, that only a responsible National Government can cope effectively with outbreaks of this character. Under the complete autonomy of the Province, officials in charge of law and order would probably act with a far greater promptitude and celerity.

WHAT MAHATMAJI SAID.

There is very grave danger at this moment that this terrible conflagration: these communal and quasi-religious riots and massacres will spread throughout the land. In this connection it is well to recall some striking words of Mahatma Gandhi. Speaking of communal quarrels at Calcutta in 1925 and of how these quarrels had been his main preoccupation during 30 years, the Mahatma said:—"To revile one another's religion, to make reckless statements, to utter untruth, to slaughter innocent men women and children, to desecrate temples or mosques is a denial of God. The world is watching—some with glee and some with sorrow—this dog-fight that is proceeding in our midst." "We have listened—we are listening to Satan."

THESE FANATICS.

I put it very seriously to the large multitude of readers of this paper; what exactly are we to think of "religious" persons, who, when they are disturbed at their prayers (by "music before mosques")—at once stop and rush out into the public streets with daggers or knives to slaughter their fellow citizens? And what are we to think of others who are driven to hysteria when they see an old cow being led to the slaughter?

Whatever we may say or whatever we may urge against the average Nationalist, he is at least above all that. He is infinitely more civilized than such religious fanatics. In all lands, in all ages, the religious fanatic is always the greatest enemy of the state and of public peace and tranquility.

HATE THINGS, NOT MEN.

"India", as the Mahatma once said—"is racial to-day, because the general body of the people are filled with ill will: because they are weak and hopelessly ignorant of the way to shed their weakness. It is time for them to transfer this ill-will from men to things." The greatest indictment against British Rule is that we, the British people, introduced the communal principle into Indian politics. In the Morley-Minto Reforms this pernicious principle first appeared.

OVERHAUL YOUR FAITHS.

On that occasion the British Government flung into modern India the most awful of all calamities. It flung into India the apple of communal discord, so far as discord has proceeded from politics. It is no answer to say that it was done in response to request. This bad communal principle will remain for a time, but there can be no real progress in India until it goes. But it cannot go unless the different systems of religion in India all overhaul their whole thought and practice, as freely as has been done by Christianity in the more civilized lands of the West. It cannot go unless "pari passu" a lot of other things go as well.

Notes of the Day

Unfair!

We have already drawn attention to the report that the meeting of the Consultative Committee was postponed for the second time because of the reluctance of certain members of the Committee to co-operate with it till the Government had given their promised decision on the communal question. That report is strengthened by the interview given by Mr. A. H. Ghuznavi, a member of the Committee, to the Associated Press. He welcomes the postponement as "the absence of any declaration by His Majesty's Government on the communal question would sooner or later have impeded continuous progress in the committee's work." Here is a kind of responsive or conditional co-operation which it is difficult to appreciate. What is most surprising is that Government intervene in the communal discussion with an offer to decide the question and yet indefinitely put off their decision. In common fairness they should either take back their promise or fulfil it.

Barter!

The collapse of the financial, or rather the capitalistic, system throughout Europe has compelled many countries to resort to barter. Thirty countries, who on account of exchange trouble are unable to buy and sell their goods otherwise, have now resorted to it. The Hamburg Chamber of Commerce has opened a department for international barter and Germany is negotiating with Denmark for the exchange of food and agricultural produce for machinery. Czecho-Slovakian manufactures have been exchanged for honey and oranges from the East. If this system of dealing with merchandise can be extended, it will sound the death-knell of international trusts which spread tentacles everywhere. The present system of concentrating money into a few hands has definitely failed and the financial fabric of the world has collapsed under the influence of new forces and new circumstances. The time has come for a complete reorganisation of the trade of the world, and for the scrapping of antiquated methods, which while benefitting a few, harmed humanity. The greatest need of the hour is the liberation of the masses from the shackles of capitalism and prevention of the criminal waste which is now taking place

Self-Satisfied!

The Madras Government are extremely satisfied with themselves and the way they have been treating the Congressmen generally from the communique they have issued. In Madras no quarter is asked nor given to picketers and others, and the Government are deeply grieved at the misrepresentations to which the good deeds of the authorities are subjected. The communique says that "the Civil Disobedience movement is a nuisance to the public and is tending to become a positive menace to Society." There are so many nuisances in this sinful world that we have to put up with them, because we cannot avoid them. The communique informs the world that the Federal Finance and Franchise Committees' reports are out and that "the ground is now made ready for laying the foundations of the new constitutional structure." We are afraid if the new superstructure is to be built on these quicksands, it will soon be engulfed and not a single trace of it will be left anywhere.

Stereotyped!

Reading the stereotyped communiques of the Madras Government, one would wonder if the authorities concerned issued printed forms, only filling in gaps with dates and figures about arrests, convictions, etc., the number of lathi charges being always scrupulously left out. The Government have always the same story to tell in nearly the same words, of the Congress being a menace to Law and Order, the police being compelled to use force but never using more force than is absolutely necessary. They might have at least qualified these statements in view of the many admissions of their own about more force having been used than was legitimate. To the charge of excessive use of force it is an evasive reply to say, that "the occasion for the police to use force would not arise unless the dupes and hirelings of the Congress deliberately broke the law." The common charge is not that force is used at all but that too much of it is used and often enough on the most peaceful and innocent persons. Moreover, do the Madras Government seriously suggests that whenever law is resisted, however civilly, force must be used by the police?

ALL-INDIA SWADESHI DAY

Nagpur Prepares Celebration Programme

NAGPUR, May 18.

The Executive Committee of the Nagpur Swadeshi Pracharak Mandal, which is affiliated to the All-India Swadeshi League, of which Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is the President, met last night to decide the manner in which May 29 should be celebrated as the "All-India Swadeshi Day," in accordance with the appeal made by Pandit Malaviya.

The meeting decided to send out volunteers from house to house, for the purpose of enrolling members for the Mandal and get the "Swadeshi pledge" signed.

The meeting also decided to take out a procession in the afternoon and hold a meeting at which the audience would be urged to take a vow to further the Swadeshi movement.—A. P.

'THUMB CHOPPED OFF'

Congressman's Story

MADRAS, May 20.

One Munuswami Naicken, describing himself as a Congress worker, appeared clad in khaddar at the "Hindu" Office and related that his left thumb had been cut off by two persons dressed in European style. His story was that starting from Alandur he entered the mail carrying Congress leflets, a few of which he distributed among passengers in the train, including the two persons mentioned above. These two, he alleged, caught him, detrained him at Chetput, a suburban station, and taking him blindfolded in a motor vehicle, they chopped off his left thumb in a lonely spot.

(Contiued from Column 7.)

icles for publication at the request of my friends, who insist upon it."

Save us from your friends!

* * *

And also this in a collection of 'Words of the Wise":

"He that falls into sin is a man that grieves at it, is a saint; that boasteth of it, is a devil."—Tomas Fuller.

And some people are all three by turns.

Tipsy-Cake

The "Civil & Military Gazette," otherwise known as the Cup and Mug, now joins its piping voice to the shrill anile chorus of Anglo-Indian journals blaming the Congress for the Bombay Riots.

* * *

Like the Chowringhee organ the Lahore oracle takes the opportunity to suggest that failure to take strong action against the Congress is also largely responsible. The "C. & M.G." is "sure that much of the subsequent trouble could have been averted if a firm hand had been shown a year ago."

* * *

Poor Sir Frederick. They won't leave him alone. Nowhere in India have the Ordinances been so rigidly and severely enforced as in Bombay Presidency. It's a pity these wiseacres don't point out to the Government of Bombay what they have left undone in the way of repression.

* * *

"The Marquis of Lothian is one of the pleasantest men one can hope to meet."—Allahabad "Leader."

Let us hope he found Mr. Chintamani equally pleasant.

* * *

With all his great qualities, on which the "Leader" expatiates at length, Lord Lothian cannot be so adept as Mr. Chintamani in paying back-handed compliments, as you may judge by this:

"About as near to perfection of courtesy as, say our inimitable Malaviyaji, this very quality leads him to tolerate unfairness, and himself to come sometimes uncomfortably near it."

* * *

Dr. Nunan, who has been seized with an acute attack of Verbophobia, winds up a wild incoherent screed in the "Times of India" with the exclamation, quoting a French proverb, (so he says): "Let me laugh, so that I may not cry." As it won't make the least difference to anybody he is welcome to do either.

* * *

Somehow or other—these mistakes will happen in the best regulated newspaper offices—the heading obviously intended for the genial little doctor's letter: "A NUISANCE TO THE PUBLIC" got lifted on to another item of news.

* * *

Addressing the Mayor of Bombay, Mr. Sadanand says, "I now write this to offer the Peace Committee through you as the Managing Director and Managing Editor of the 'Free Press,' etc." A flattering appointment but hardly worthwhile resigning the mayorality for it.

* * *

"Economy is the keynote," we read, "of the first Frontier Province Budget"—making a virtue of necessity like the rest of us.

* * *

Now that the Dail has passed the Bill to abolish the Oath what will "Jimmy Thomas" do? Replace the Oath with a few of his own perhaps!

* * *

Leading counsel for the Rector of Stiffkey opening the defence said his client was "a troublesome busy body, possessed of other unusual qualities" but he was not an immoral person.

Some people would prefer to be considered immoral if it came to a choice.

* * *

From an up-country Matrimonial Column:—

WANTED—Match for a young handsome Hindu Official in Imperial Service, England returned, aged 21 years belongs to a respectable family. The girl must be English-knowing and beautiful.

The children should be really lovely.

* * *

Tit-bits from to-day's Post-bag: "Travelling in tram cars without tickets is not a very uncommon thing."

But Best still pays the dividend.

"The time has come now to give vent to truth."

But not in Dalal St.

"The Conciliation Committees can do nothing better than chit-chatting over a tea-table."

But they can do something worse. They can vary the chit-chatting with childish squabbles.

"I daresay you are familiar with my work as Indian and International publicist of over eight years' standing."

Sorry. No!

"I want to send some of my ar-

(Continued in Column 6.)

WILD AND RECKLESS

Shameless Sensation-Mongering In Dalal Street.

(By B. G. HORNIMAN).

I am a firm believer in the fullest freedom of the Press, as my readers know, and I would always desire that those who hold even what appear to be wild views should have complete liberty to express them as long as they keep within the ordinary law.

But there are limits of decency and a standard of ethics which every responsible journalist should respect. Unfortunately there are a great number of irresponsible people in journalism in this country as elsewhere. The profession is such, being without the organisation that controls the conduct of the members of other great professions, that no standard qualifications are required of those who undertake the conduct of public journals and it sometimes happens that men who are utterly unfitted to exercise editorial responsibility are to be found in control of journals which they seek to popularise by methods which should be repugnant to any self-respecting journalist.

Such a case is that of Mr. Sadanand, Editor of the "Free Press Journal."

OUT FOR SENSATION

During the last few days the "Free Press Journal" has distinguished itself by conducting a sort of Jehad against everybody whom it can either directly or remotely associate, by fair means or foul, with responsibility for the present unfortunate situation in the City, reserving only the Governor and the Secretariat, whom it has taken to beslavering with its unwelcome and nauseous flattery.

Allegations and accusations of the most wild and reckless kind are hurled at all and sundry; malevolent criticism based on uncorroborated reports and unsubstantiated charges are the daily pabulum on which this sensation monger feeds his readers. The truth or falsity of what he publishes seems to be a matter of no concern to the Editor. He holds himself entitled to print anything that comes to hand, provided, apparently it is of a sufficiently sensational character to titillate the palate of those who, like himself, would cheerfully keep the cauldron of communal dissension on the boil, so long as it brings some grist to their mill and keeps up the public excitement on which they thrive. Like the witches in "Macbeth" they gather round the cauldron, stirring up the seething liquid and chanting

Black Spirits and White
Blue Spirits and Grey
Mingle, Mingle, Mingle, Mingle
You that Mingle may.

ORGY OF APOLOGIES

Private conversations, confidential proceedings of committees sitting in camera; the private concerns of other newspapers, every sort of unverified rumour and gossip is gleefully collected and mingled in the witches' cauldron in Dalal Street, while the Editor dances round waving his spoon and screaming at the world in general.

Every now and then there is an orgy of apologies for the Editor of the "Free Press Journal" is not taking any risks. Throughout his journalistic career he has never hesitated to apologise at the first sign of danger. He apologises as shamelessly as he makes his reckless charges. In his latest effusion he even apologises for the limitations of the space at his disposal for apology. He writes:

"Within the limitations of space at our disposal, we desire to content ourselves to-day with making amends and removing mistaken impressions wherever they are due."

APOLOGIES TO EVERYONE.

He then proceeds to apologise to Mr. Low, the acting Editor of "The Times" until a few days ago, and transfers everything he said about Mr. Low to Mr. Sheppard the permanent incumbent of Bori Bunder. His apologies to Mr. Sheppard are postponed because the correspondence between them is as yet incomplete, and, of course, space is limited.

Then comes an apology to the Bombay Police, for which purpose he accepts the correction of the Director of Information of the objectionable version of an incident which he recklessly rushed into publicity. This is followed by an extensive apology to Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha and another apology to Sirdar Suleman Cassum Mitha and the whole Muslim community to whom he "unreservedly expresses regret" for having used language capable of the interpretation which any sane person would have put on it.

DETERMINED TO KEEP IT UP.

I suppose, when space permits, the list of apologies will be extended to include everybody the "Free Press Journal" has defamed in the past and everybody it may, in its incorrigible naughtiness, defame in the future. For the Editor has no intention of desisting from his practice of dragging every kind of rumour and unsubstantiated allegation into light of day, so long as it suits his questionable purpose. In a paragraph headed "Half Truths" but which would be more appropriately entitled "Whole Lies," he calmly announces:

"We shall therefore continue to discuss the various aspects of the riot situation in a spirit of realism, even at the risk of committing errors and mistakes ready to own them up, ('sic') when they are pointed out to us. So far as we are concerned, we will rather commit mistakes than be insincere or hypocritical, in a desire to please all sections."

NO SHAME!

Presumably he has discovered that there is a market for this sort of journalistic hooliganism, though I can assure him it won't last very long. What does it matter whether what you write is true or not, whether you intrude into other people's private and confidential affairs, whether you keep your ears open to every kind of mischievous rumour or report, so long as it keeps the cauldron of mischief and sensation boiling? Apologies are cheap and, people who have cast aside all sense of shame and decency can make a boast of their readiness, when they make mistakes and errors, to "own them up".

DEFIANCE OF DECENCY.

In the issue in which this unabashed confession and blatant defiance of all decency, appear the "journal" publishes a lengthy report of the confidential proceedings of the Peace Committee on Thursday evening when Maulana Shaukat Ali resigned and left the Committee Room in a huff. I am told that it is an exaggerated and incorrect report and I haven't the least doubt that it is. It has evidently been collected and concocted by the backstairs methods so congenial to Mr. Sadanand.

I am quite ready to admit that there are occasions when it becomes a duty in the public interest to publish what has happened in a commttee sitting with closed doors, after one has carefully verified the accuracy of the report, especially when those whose duty it is to acquaint the public with what has happened fail to fulfil it. I may say that "The Bombay Chronicle" refrained from giving publicity to unauthorised accounts of this meeting, in the expectation that an official report would be circulated, as it ought to have been. In this matter the Chairman and Secretary of the Committee are gravely to blame.

DANGEROUS AND UNDESIRABLE.

But the publication of reports received from persons, whose minds are obviously in a state of prejudice and excitement by the very nature of what took place, is dangerous and undesirable. But, more than this, could anything be more mischievous at such a time, when every effort should be concentrated on preserving peace, when the smallest spark may rekindle the conflagration, than to publish a backstairs account of the dissensions of leaders who have been entrusted with the responsibility of helping in the restoration of amicable relations between the two communities.

A HEAVY RESPONSIBILITY.

I have not yet seen an official version of what happened at the Peace Committee's meeting on Thursday evening, but I cannot help feeling that with the exercise of more tact and consideration, animated by a genuine desire for conciliation, such an unfortunate denouement might have been avoided.

It must be emphasised that at such a critical juncture a heavy responsibility rests on leaders on both sides, at least to preserve harmony in their own councils, however much it may involve the sacrifice on the part of individuals of their own preconceptions and even of genuine grievances. And an equally heavy responsibility rests on public journals which give publicity to provocative reports and rumours, before they have been properly investigated and verified.

If the leaders are going to wash their dirty linen in public, or even if they wash it in Committee and allow it to be dragged into the public gaze, we may say good-bye to all hope of peace, and may be plunged again into a maelstrom of murder and disorder.

G. D. A. EXAMINATION

Under the old Rules, this Examination will be held only for two more years, viz., 1933 and 1934, and thereafter this Examination is open to ARTICLED CLERKS only.

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EIGHT WICKETS' WIN FOR INDIA

Pullen And Vanderbijl Save Oxford From Inning's Defeat

NISAR'S ABSENCE

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, May 20.

The All-India Cricket Team won their match against the Oxford University, which commenced on Wednesday, by eight wickets.

Following were the final scores:—

All-India 324 and 32 for 2.

Oxford University 132 and 219.

Weather was beautiful and the wicket good when the Oxford University resumed their second innings to-day in the match against the All-India Team. The South African Vanderbiul and Pullan made a useful and excellent stand to-day and their partnership, which remained unbroken till the last over before lunch, yielded 133 runs. Kapadia, then holding Pullan off Naidu brought about the separation. Vanderbiul had now made 64 while the outgoing batsman was 74. The score at the lunch interval was 202 for 6. The Indian attack had weakened to-day in the absence of Nisar, who had strained his muscle.

The stand by Vanderbijl and Pullan for the sixth wicket in the Oxford's second innings yielded 133 runs, and lasted till the lunch interval

Vanderbijl made his 73 in three hours and though on the defensive, missed no scoring chance. The last three wickets yielded but 17 runs. Oldfield was absent to-day also. Nisar had strained his muscle and his absence to-day weakened the Indian bowling considerably. Palia's final figures were 4 for 46.

Naomal and Marshall were out for 2 and 3 runs respectively in the Indians' second innings, but necessary runs for win were then made without further loss, Naidu remaining not out with 19.

Following the resumption Vanderbijl had added 9 runs to his lunch total when a catch by Godambe off Naidu disposed of his wicket. Batting very patiently and remaining on the defensive, Vanderbijl yet hit out strongly whenever there was opportunity. He made his 73 out of 180 in three hours. Jehangirkhan took the remaining two wickets, clean-bowling Linnell for 6, while Barlow was l.b.w. to him for 1. Oldfield was absent. The innings thus yielded 219 runs.

The Indians made the runs necessary for win for the loss of 2 wickets. Naomal and Marshall who opened the innings shed their wickets for 2 and 3 respectively, but Palia and Naidu then became associated and while Palia was content to keep his end up Naidu soon got the needed runs. The match ended in a win for Indians by eight wickets when they had scored 32 runs for 2 wickets.

Following are the scores:—

OXFORD—2ND INNINGS.

Lindsay c substitute, b Palia	31
Brook b Palia	10
Evans c N.J. Singh, b Godambe	3
Chalk l.b.w., b Palia	10
Owen-Smith c Wazir Ali, b Palia	4
Pullen c Kapadia, b Naidu	74
Vanderbijl c Godambe, b Naidu	73
Linnell b Jehangirkhan	6
Barlow l.b.w. b Jehangirkhan	1
Legard (not out)	9
Oldfield (absent)	0
Extras	7
Total	219

Bowling Analysis:—Jehangirkhan 2 for 56; Naidu 2 for 37; Godambe 1 for 54; Palia 4 for 46.

ALL-INDIA—2ND INNINGS.

Naomal c Pullen, b Legard	2
Marshall c Brooke, b Linnell	3
Palia (not out)	2
Naiduu (not out)	19
Extras	6
Total (for 2 wickets)	32

County Cricket

LONDON, May 20.

Following are the results of the first class cricket matches which began on Wednesday.

Hampshire vs. Notts:—Notts won by 161 runs. Notts 206 and 42 (Bailey 7 for 7). Hampshire 57 and 30 (Voce 5 for 21, Sam Staples 24 for 4).

There was no play to-day in the matches between Warwickshire vs. Yorkshire and Lancashire vs. Kent.—Reuter's Special.

FIVE-GOAL VICTORY FOR OLYMPIC TEAM

Bombay Presidency's Poor Show

DHYAN CHAND AGAIN TO THE FORE

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Olympic Hockey Team today played the Bombay Presidency and ran victors by 6 goals to 1. The face of the game was a bit faster than yesterday but it was not a very interesting game to watch as the Olympic men were hardly ever extended.

It was an even game in the opening stages both sides missing some good chances of scoring. In the 5th minute Rup Singh missed, what seemed an easy chance, the ball, going over the goalposts. Mr. Durham saved from the same player and again from Gurmit Singh. The game now swung to the Olympic end, Tyrell who was an indefatigable worker made a great dash from the centre and finished it with a beautiful shot from a difficult angle. Allen, however, saved. A corner followed and India cleared. Durham made a fine save from Rup Singh in the 20th minute and the Presidency again returned to the Olympic goal. But Allen again saved, this time from Willis. In the 26th minute the first goal was scored for the Olympic by Dhyan Chand, who fastened the ball into the net after Durham had stopped a walloping shot from Gurmit Singh. A minute later India again scored from a "short corner" and again two minutes later through Dhyan Chand from Jaffar's centre.

AFTER THE "BREATHER".

In the first minute after the interval Dhyan Chand again scored with a beautiful shot from a short "corner". In the 3rd minute they again returned to the attack but Durham saved twice, from Rnp Singh and from Jaffar. A minute later Dhyan Chand. A minute later Dhyan "scoop" which gave Durham no semblance of a chanse. In the 15th minute Sell missed an open goal. Five minutes later Dhyan Chand scored his fifth goal of the day from a short "corner". In the closing stages the Presidency reduce the deficit through Willis.

LINE-UPS.

INDIA:—Allen; Aslam, Hammond; Masud, Lal Shah, Hind; Sullivan, Gurmit Singh, Dhyan Chand, Rup Singh, Jaffar.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY:—Durham; Pitkar, Malkenzie; Chapman, Summerhays, Page; Phillips, Pereira, Tyrell, Sell, Willis.

SCORES.

INDIA . . 6 goals
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY 1 goal.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

(Special Service for "The Chronicle").

T.T. ON LONDON

	New York, May 20.
Previous Closing	3.67 7/8
To-day's Closing	3.67 3/8

T.T. ON NEW YORK.

	London, May 20.
Previous Closing	3.67 5/8
To-day's Opening	3.67 5/8
To-day's Closing	3.67 1/2

LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER SETTLEMENT

New York, May 20.	
Previous Closing Rate	5.97
To-day's Opening Rate	6.00
Difference	+.03
To-day's Closing Rate	6.02
Difference	+.05

Broach Expectations

A.M.	Rs. 168
July/August	Rs. 176

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, May 20.

The Liverpool market is closed to-day.

SEVENTH DAY OF RIOTS

(Continued From Page 7.)

and considerably less than yesterday.

A Hindu was assaulted and stabbed at Dana Bunder, while another Hindu was stabbed by a Mahomedan hooligan near Jumma Mosque.

Cases of assault on Mahomedans occurred in Parel, Ferguson Road and Bhuleshwar. The main roads throughout the city were safe but in the bye-lanes and gullies the hooligans, taking advantage of the temporary absence of the police, would pounce upon unwary passers-by and molest and wound them.

MILL AREA.

Thirty mills remained closed today. The mill workers, who were thus rendered idle, were not allowed to roam about in the streets and were chased by the police when found in groups. About fourteen cases of stabbing and assaults were recorded to-day in the K. E. M. Hospital.

STONE-THROWING.

The mill workers of De Lisle Road indulged in stone-throwing near Bara Chawls at Sun Mill Road this morning, which caused some excitement in the locality. The police and the military immediately appeared on tht scene and dispersed the crowd.

The Dadar area was quiet.

GOVERNOR SEES INJURED IN HOSPITAL

The Governor of Bombay paid a visit to the J. J. Hospital and went round the casualty ward. Sir Gulamhussein Hidayatullah, the General Member, also visited the hospital.

ATTACK ON GAS CO.'s EMPLOYEES

The General Manager of the Bombay Gas Company writes, in reference to the incident reported in our issue of the 18th inst. in which some employees of the company were attacked at Null Bazar, that the statement that "the Manager, who was following the lorry in his car.....pulled out his revolver and fired in the air" is not correct. The facts are as follows: Two of the company's employees were injured by persons in the street the lorry was passing through, who from some upper windows of a house threw heavy pieces of iron and machinery into the open body of the lorry where these two men were seated. The result was that one poor fellow was hit on head by a lump of iron and the other man was rather badly hurt and an attempt was also made by a man in the street to stab an Overseer who was sitting in the front of the lorry with the driver. The Overseer in self-defence struck the assailant in the face with his fist and knocked him down but not before the assailant's knife had pierced the brim of his topee. No other car belonging to the company was following this particular lorry, neither did any official of the Company fire a revolver."

KEEPING PEACE IN MANDVI WARD

Conciliation Sub-Committee Formed

BOMBAY, Friday.

There was a meeting at Mandvi of the Bombay Conciliation Committee to form a "B" Ward committee under the auspices of the Bombay Conciliation Committee. The meeting was held in Dr. Poonsey Meheshri's Dispensary. Sardar Sulaiman Haji Casum Mitha presided.

About 200 residents of the Mandvi Ward were present. Among those present were Messrs. Abubaker Beg Mahomed, Aliya Set, Dr. Poonsey Meihishri, Dr. Vora, Velji Lakhamsi Nappoo, Haji Bachu Ali, Ghulam Hussain Singal, Sardar Samat Khan and many Hindu merchants. One Moplah leader, Kareem Abdul Karim was also present. Among the Hindus were Messrs. Ratansy Hirji Govindji, Khimji Shamjee, Thackersy Mooljl, Chaturbhuj Tairsee and several other Hindu residents of the ward.

The meeting decided to form a Committee of both the communities to try to establish peace in Mandvi ward. This committee has power to co-opt. They have decided to work on a line by keeping standing patrols in every lane and moving patrols and issue appeal for peace.

A meeting of this committee will be held to-morrow at 2 p.m. at Dr. Poonsey Meiheshri's dispensary.

Offer Of Help For Relief Work

Mr. N. J. Patel, on behalf of the staff Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Bellasis and New Nagpada Roads, Byculla writes:—

"We, the staff of Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Hume Memorial Church and the American Mission place ourselves at the disposal of the Relief Committees and ask them to call on us for any relief work whereln we can help."

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AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Dull And Featureless

Bombay, May 20.

On Friday the New York Cotton futures market was dull and featureless. Traders adopting a waiting attitude. Prices opened at a decline of 3 points and a further decline of 2 points was recorded on scattered selling. At this level there was some shorts covering which improved prices 11 points from the lowest level and reached the highest level at noon. In the afternoon there was nothing doing and the market closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 10 points at 5.85c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 4 points at 5.78c.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened easy at a decline of 2 points on hedge selling and also on Bombay Liquidation. Despite good trade calling there was persistent selling of December. Presumbly Straddle reversing held prices in check and the most of the gain was cancelled. The market closed quiet at a decline of 4 to 3 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 4.53d.

East Indian Cotton futures closed at a decline of 10 to 4 points and Egyptian Cotton prices declined 2 to 5 points.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 20 to 11 points.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market will remain closed to-day and to-morrow the 20th and 21st May. It will reopen on Monday the 23rd May at 11 a.m.

PRIVATE CABLES—

N.Y. July—

Highest ..	5.75+06
Lowest ..	5.65—04

N.Y. October—

Highest	6.00 (12-28 p.m.)
Lowest	5.89 (11-20 a.m.)

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from Liverpool:—

11-09 a.m.—Scattered local selling in the narrow market.

8-34 p.m.—Market steady on expanding exports of cotton.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled as under:—

"While general situation is bearish, belief spreading that eventual inflation in America is inevitable, coupled with Sterling Stabilisation which would materially advance prices of commodities in this country."

Weekly Weather Report.—The official weather report, issued on 18th, states that the past week has been unfavourable for the growth of cotton. Warmer weather is needed in most sections, while moisture is deficient in many places in the Eastern half of the Belt.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—New York cables, cotton beneficial rains last but too cold.

New York.—Cotton opened easier. Moderate business advanced on more favourable banking news. Some Wall Street and local buying. Shorts covering. Small market but very steady. Cotton goods market—lower prices. Yarn market demand not sufficient to sustain market.

New York.—Absence of buying orders in any volume. Domestic trade demand poor. Export demand good. Slight downward tendency. Stands (growth of plants) backward.

New York.—Senator friend informs us Goldsborough Bill likely pass Senate but not this week.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May 19.

May	5.68+.07
July	5.73+.04
October	5.97+.03
December	6.11+.03
January 1933	6.19+.03
March	6.33+.03
Middling Spot	5.85+.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 19.

May	5.66+.06
July	5.73+.04
Middling Spot	5.73+.04

NEW YORK.
New York, May 19.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)

July	5.66
October	5.91
January	6.16

New York Noon Call.

July	5.65
October	5.89
January	6.12

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, May 19.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	3,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	5,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	22,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, May 19.

10-10 a.m. Quotations.		To-day's Closing.
May 1932		4.26—.04
June 1932		4.23—.03
July 1932	4.22	4.22—.03
August 1932		4.23—.03
September 1932		4.24—.03
October 1932	4.25	4.24—.04
November 1932		4.26—.04
December 1932		4.27—.05
January 1933	4.31	4.30—.04
February 1933		4.33—.04
March 1933		4.37—.03
April 1933		4.39—.03
May 1933		4.41—.04
July 1933		4.46—.04
Middling Spot		4.53—

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 19.

Sakellaridis, May	5.86
July	5.94
October	6.20
November	6.22
December	6.28
January 1933	6.33
March	6.44
F.G.F. Spot	6.10

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 19.

Broach Fully Good (Good Staple)	4.07
Broach Fine (Good Staple)	4.19
Broach Superfine (Good Staple)	4.31
C. P. a Oomra Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.87
Oomra Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.02
Oomra Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.17
Bengal Good	3.50
Bengal Fully Good	3.60
Bengal Fine	3.70
Scinde Fully Good	3.60
Scinde Fine	3.70
Scinde Superfine	3.80

LONDON SILVER.
London, May 19.

Silver.—Market closed steady.

Spot	16-7/8
Forward	17

LONDON GOLD.
London, May 19.

Gold Bar Fine per oz.	£5/12/11
Interest Day to Day Loans	1 p.c.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loans	1-1/4 p.c.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, May 19.

Bank Bills 3 months	1-7/8 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months	2 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3-1/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, May 19.

T T London on Berlin	15.41
T T London on Amsterdam	9.06-1/2
T T London on Brussels	26.21
T T London on Madrid	44.71
T T London on Milan	71.43
T T London on Berne	18.78
T T London on Paris	93.25
T T London on Prague	133.87
T T London on New York Closing Rate	3.67-5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, May 19.

Chartered Bank of I A & C £11 1/2

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank London Reg £101 1/2

P & O Banking Corporation £6

Funding Loan 4 per cent £100 1/4

Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent £89 1/2

Rupee Paper 3½ per cent £44 1/2

Inrian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £59

Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £69

Indian Stock 4½ per cent Sterling Loan £91 1/2

Consols 2½ per cent £64 7/8

War Loan 5 per cent £101 3/8

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £100 3/8

LONDON METALS
London, May 19.

Copper Braziers £41 1/2

Yellow metal £35

Spelter Hard Indian Brands £12 5/8

Corrugat Sheets 24 Gauge £9 3/8

Tin English Ingot £123 1/4

NEW YORK DEMAND BILL.
London, May 19.

Demand Bills 3.67 7/8

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE
London, May 19.

Rozario Santa Fe per 64 lb cargoes—
May paid 26/6.

Barletta Russo per 64 lb cargoes
May/June sellers 27/6

Wheat South Australian parcels—
Afloat 23/9

Wheat Choice White Karachi parcels—
June/July sellers 28/3

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 20.

B.C. Rate T.T. 1|5 7|8.
B.C. Rate D D 1/5 7/8.

LONDON:—
Banks Selling T. T. 1/5 29/32 May.
Banks Selling D. D. 1/5 29/32.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 7/8 15th June.

Banks Buying T T 1/5 31/32.
Banks Buiyng D D 1/6.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/32 May
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|16 June.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/32 Monsoon.

NEW YORK:—
B. C. Rate T T 368.
Banks Selling T T 366.
Banks Buying T T 362

PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 690.
Banks Buying D D 705.

AMSTERDAM:—
Banks Selling D D 67 3/8

JAPAN:-
Banks Selling T T 116
Banks Buying 60 Days 111

HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 86 7/8.

SHANGHAI:-.
Banks Selling D D 113.

SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D D 155 7|8.

JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 67 3/4

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 3.67 3/4 19th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/8 20th inst.
Japan/London 1/8 3/4 19th inst.
London/Paris 93.15 19th inst.
London/Belgium 26.00 19th inst.
London/Switzerland 18.75 19th inst.

London/Italy 71.50 19th inst.
London/Berlin 15.40 19th inst.

London/Holland 9.06 19th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.65 19th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Cod £5-13-2 18th inst. £5-12-11 19th inst.

Silver London Ready 17 1/8 18th inst.; 16 7/8 19th inst.
Silver London Forward 17-1/4 18th inst; 17 19th inst.
inst.; 17 19th inst.

Silver New York Ready 28 1/2 18th inst.; 28 1/8 19th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos 1 3/16 per cent 18th inst; 1 1/4 per cent. 19th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos 1 1/2 per cent 18th inst; 1 1/2 per cent. 19th inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2-1/2 per cent.

Money:—Call 3 1/2 per cent.
3 Mos 3 per cent.
6 Mos 3 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, May 19.

In the share market to-day jute shares opened firm and ruled so throughout the session and moderate business passing. In coals a few deals were reported at unchanged rates. Teas were dull without passing any business. In miscellaneous section sugars had been barely steady while others shew no change. Government securities were firm. Following were to-day's quotations:—

Three per cent. paper 54|10; three and a half per cent. paper 63|6; four per cent. loan 1960|70 71|5; four and a half per cent bonds 1934 97|12; five per cent bonds 1933 100|10; five per cent. loan 1945 55, 100|12; six per cent. bonds 1932 100|10. Do. 1933 36 100|9 six per cent. U. P. bonds 1921|41 103|12.

Coals:—Amalgamated Coalfields 7|4; Bengal 212; Bokaro and Ramgur 6; Bansdeopore 6|8; Barakur ordy. 4; Raneegunge 29|8.

Jutes:—Delta ordy. 260; Gouripore pref. 88; Howrah ordy. 30|6 Kamarhatty ordy. 301; Kinnison 485|8; National 16|12; Presidency 3|15.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 5|12; Tavoy Tin 2|12; Indian Iron and Steel 3|10; Kumardhubi Engineering ordy. annas 5; Marshalls and Co. Re. 1; Associated Hotels of India pref. 60; Indian Wood Products 16|4; Bengal Paper ordy. 53|8; Titaghur Paper defd. 3|7.

Sugar shares:—Champaran 24|12; New Savan 16|5; Samastipore 17|6.—A.P.

FORECAST OF COTTON PRICE

Big Rise In June

We have received the following forecast of cotton prices from Mr. R. P. Shah Jani:—

The forecast states that from the 22nd of May 1932 there is the greatest Brilliancy and its influence will continue upto the morning 10 a.m. of the 29th June 1932. In the mean time there is the possibility of great fluctuations in the prices of cotton.

The price willl go higher. The produce of cotton will be destroyed or by some sudden circumstances there will be a great spring in the rates.

For this we draw the attention of the public for the fluctuations resulting in the higher prices on the following dates of the following years.

Great Brilliancy Dates:
The 25th May 1924.
The 2nd January 1926
The 5th August 1927
The 26th May 1923
The 22nd May 1932.

JAVA—SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, May 19.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta May/June per cwt 7/9
C & F Bombay May/June per cwt 7/9 1/2
C & F Karachi May/June per cwt 7/9 1/2

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

London, May 19.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)—Spot 8 3/8

LONDON PRODUCE

London, May 19.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton—No offers.
Castorseed Bombay Hull ton—May/June sellers £11-17-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent May/June sellers £10-17-6

LINSEED
London, May 19.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton—May/June sellers £9-7-6
Linseed La Plata C I F Hull ton—May/June sellers £7-15-0
Linseed Bombay (London)—
Linseed Bombay (London)—May/June sellers £10-15-0

LINSEED OIL
Linseed Oil Naked London cwt—June/Aug sellers 13/1 1/2
Sept/Dec sellers 13/10 1/2

LONDON RUBBER.
Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb Spot 1 15/16

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, May 20.

The share market is officially closed to-day and to-morrow. If the general situation improves, business will be restarted on Monday and will continue for the whole week.

SILVER MARKET RE-OPENS

Bombay, May 20.

The Silver market re-opened to-day for forward business and to declare teji-mandi business. Vaishak delivery opened at Rs. 55/12 and improved to Rs. 56. Quotations at 3 p.m. were as under:—

Ready Silver	55	15	0
Vaishakh	56	0	0
Jeth	56	4	0

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, May 20.

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association, was held to-day to consider the question of re-opening of business in forward contracts. No decision was arrived at. Some members wanted to open the market to help Indore Settlement which falls due to-day, but the majority was in favour of opening forward business from Monday.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, May 20.

May	124.70 plus 1.10
August	132.60 plus 0.50
Novebber	235.50 plus 0.50

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, May 20.

	Bales.
Khandeish	1,282
Central India	89
Barsi/Nugger	48
Berar	739
Central Provinces	192
Dhollera	751
Rajputana	425
Sind-Punjab	50
Broach	4.198
Compta/Dharwar	1,638
Westerns/Northerns	339
	Cwts.
Wheat	8 592
Linseed	10,686
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seeds	329
Groundnuts	3.574
Castorseed	3,182
Rice	935
Myrabollams	2,247
Cottonseed	7.839
Gram	1,790
Jowar	1,351
Barley	147
Bajree	19

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 20.
Havildar; Palmer; Calcutta.
Ranpura; Furlong; Kobe.
Malwa; Britten; London.
Birkenfels; Metez; Hamburg.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, May 21.
Ranpura; Furlong; London.
Clan Malcolm; George; London.

LOADING.
Bombay, May 20.
Steamer Sumatra for Hamburg.
Steamer C/Lille for Hull.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Ranpura:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy's English mail steamer "Ranpura", will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at about 1 p.m. for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Havildar:—The T M Coy's steamer "Havildar", arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S.S. Birkenfels:—The L Edward Ltd. steamer "Birkenfels" arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, May 20.

S.S. Malwa for London:—1600 bags mowra meal, 250 bags hoofs. A Dawn & Co.; 104 drums castor oil, A Hargovandas & Co.; 55 drums castor oil, H Laxmichand; 3333 bags groundnuts, Ralli Bros.; 6 bales animal skin, H Azizulla; 5 bales animal skin, F Yashakar; 6 bales animal skin, H A Amin; 17 bales woollen carpet, F Yashakar.

For Marseilles:—1204 bags linseed, Ralli Bros.; 3000 bags castor seed K Devchand & Co.

S.S. Ranpura for London:—1 bale woollen carpets, M M & Co.; 6 bales animal skin H Azizulla; 4 bales animal skin, F Yashakar; 5 43 bales cotton thread waste, M bales animal skin H A Amin.

S.S. Sumatra for Copenhegan:—For New York: 1 bale wollen carpets, M M & Co.

S.S. City of Sydney for Liverpool:—50 bales wool raw, Anglo Siam Corporation; 4 bales wool raw, D Sassoon & Co.

For Dunkirk:—280 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Ghent:—500 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

S.S. Silverelen for Marseilles:—406 bags mustard seed, Volkart Bros.

S.S. Sumatra for Copenhagen:—43 bales cotton thread waste M. Chandulal & Co.

For Gothenburg:—50 drums castor oil, Eastern Tdg. Agency

S.S. Fusijama for Venice:—330 bales cotton raw, Vakharia & Co.

S.S. City of Lille for Hull:—1723 bags castor seed, Ralli Bros.; 135 drums groundnut oil, Svastika Oil Mill; 6468 bags castor seed, Strauss & Co.

S.S. Borneo Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton raw, N Manilal & Co.; 50 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 300 bales cotton raw, A Khimji & Co.; 500 bales cotton raw, C K Kaisha Ld.

For Yokkaichi:—500 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 1500 bales cotton raw, Vakharia & Co.

For Moji:—200 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Osaka: 1000 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 2000 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Yokahama:—100 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Nagoya:—400 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 200 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

S.S. Calcutta Maru for Osaka:—100 ton iron scrap All Bros.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, May 20.

S.S. Poelan Tellow, Agents T M & Co. from Geneva:—320 cases motor covers; 57 cases hemp twine; 125 cases vermouth; 100 cks. chemicals; 650 bales cotton; 127 bales art silk yarn; 240 bales cotton and art silk fancies; 70 bales cotton goods; 80 bales German-silver.

From Port Said:—346 bales cotton raw.

S.S. Comorin; Agents M M and Co. from Habart:—167 cases jams; 361 cases fruits.

From Christ Church:—175 cks. tallow.

From Malbourne:—10 cks. tallow; 105 bags peas; 20 bales wool; 38 bales lactogen.

From Sydney:—48 cks. tallow.

From Colombo:—150 bags arecanuts.

S.S. Garbeta Agents M M & Co., from Calcutta:—3113 bags rice; 2209 tons coal; 1528 chests tea; 11 drums spirit; 164 cases medicine; 50 cases brandy; 122 cases roofing felt; 37 cases paper; 88 cases straw-boards; 55 cases cardamoms; 53 cases copper wire; 922 bags cotton seed; 60 cases hardware; 24 cases ghee; 76 cases enamel plates; 50 bales B.-twill; 640 bales gunnies; 27 cases rope; 3900 pieces fire-bricks; 157 bales H.-cloth; 2637 pieces pipes; 611 bags betel nuts; 60 drums linseed oil; 1354 drums paint; 19 drums varnish; 26 drums colour; 120 bags lead dust; 150 bags red lead; 130 bags fire clay; 385 bags vegetable product.

S.S. Jalarshmi Agents S S N Co., from Calcutta:—4475 tons coal; 2460 bags rice; 60 bales straw-boards; 72 bales jute twine; 20 bales H.-twine; 175 bales B.-twill; 403 bales gunnies; 150 bales H.-cloth; 313 bags betel nuts; 105 bags tea.

From Tutocorin:—163 bales cotton; 41 bales cotton yarn.

S.S. Golconda, Agents M M & Co., from Rangoon:—4936 bags rice; 148 bags beans; 28 cases dyes dry; 46 cases M. O. A. oil; 41 cases shell-tox; 320 bags wax, 800 bags tin wax, 40 cks. wax, 16 cases wax; 2396 bundle teak planks; 2657 bundle teak sleepers; 322 bundle teak decks; 1580 bundle teak squares; 826 bundle teak posts; 68956 bundle teak scantlings.

From Calicut:—20 cases tea; 37 bundles coir fibre; 94 bundles coir dope; 47 bundle coir yarn; 125 bags copra; 235 bags cocoanuts.

From Badagara:—89 bags cocoanuts; 474 bags copra.

From Colombo:—162 cks. tallow.

SPEED-UP IN INDIA, SAYS LOTHIAN

Reform Dose For Political Ills

LONDON, May 19.

There is no doubt that the dominant feeling in India to-day is the desire that Government and Parliament should decide about the new Indian constitution with the least possible delay, said Lord Lothian, Chairman of the Franchise Committee of the Indian Round Table Conference in a statement on his arrival to-day in London from India.

He added: "The sooner agreed decisions are taken and action is taken on them, the better will India be pleased and the sooner will political conditons settle down."

Paying a tribute to the co-operation and friendliness the Franchise Committee had received from wide circles, Lord Lothian said that Indians showed the most lively interest in the committee's proceedings and were likely to take more lively and more controversial interest in the committee's proposals when they were published early in June.—Reuter.

PRESENT TOTAL

PARIS, May 19.

The survivors of the Georges Philippar disaster number 717, according to information received at the Messageries Maritimes' Office and consequently it appears that the missing total is only 38.

A trustworthy estimate had placed the number on board at 767 but it appears that twelve intending passengers from Saigon did not join the ship, there, thereby reducing the complement to 755.

It is still hoped that the list of saved is not final, as a few additional names are still being received from Aden and Djibouti, and the possibility exists of some rescues having been effected by the coasting steamers and African native craft.—Reuter.

Frontier Council And Progressive Party

ABBOTABAD, May 19.

The second day's sitting of the Frontier Legislative Council was devoted for the election of the Deputy President and members to three Standing Committees. Nawabzada Allanawaz Khan having withdrawn his candidature, Khan Bahadur Abdur Rahim Khan has been elected Deputy President unopposed.

A Progressive Party under the leadership of Sir Abdul Qayum has been formed with Khan Bahadur Ghulam Haiderkhan as Deputy-Leader.—A.P.

Currency Department Accounts

An abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department, as on the 15th May 1932 is given below:

(In thousands of Rs.)

Notes in circulation	1,67,86,31
Reserve Coin and Bullion in India:	
Silver coin	99,52,18
Gold bullion	10,61,43
Silver bullion	10,37,88
Securities (purchase price):	
In India	47,34,82

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

EX-GODOWN.

Bombay, May 20.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 34 lbs. Rs. 22.

Filtered Til Seed Oil Per Case of 34 lbs. Rs. 19-3.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 72 per ton.

C. P. GOVERNOR MEETS WITH ACCIDENT

FALL NEAR WATER FALL

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR CITY, May 20.

A message from Pachmarhi says that Sir Montagu Butler, Governor, Central Provinces has met with an accident, while walking over the hills. It appears that he was walking down the waterfall, when his foot slipped and he fell down, as a result of which he sustained a large wound on the left arm and three other minor injuries. He was immediately treated, and it will take two weeks for him to recover. He is, however, keeping his engagements uninterrupted.

PROTEST AGAINST POLICE TAX

Cawnpore Merchants Observe Hartal

CAWNPORE, May 19.

Cloth merchants suspended business the whole day in all markets in connection with the protest against the imposition of additional police tax. The Cloth Merchants' Association, it is understood, has also passed a resolution protesting against the additional police tax and demanding its withdrawal.—A. P.

"NAVJIVAN" MANAGER RELEASED

DABAD, May 20.

The manager of the Mahatma Gandhi's Navjivan Press and the editor of the "Gujrat Samachar", a daily newspaper, who were arrested under the Emergency Powers Ordinance, were released to-day on parole. They are required to report on each Saturday to the police and refrain from furthering the civil disobedience movement in any manner.—A.P.

JOURNALIST'S FATE

PARIS, May 19.

Mr. Georges Philippar, Chairman of the Messageries Maritimes Company, after whom the ill-fated vessel was named, was on a holiday at Quimper when news of the disaster was received and he immediately hurried to Marseilles.

Deep anxiety is felt in journalistic circles regarding the fate of Mr. Albert Lorders, a well-known Journalist who had been visiting China on behalf of "Le Journal" of Paris.—Reuter.

Travel Money

YOU may avoid the inconvenience and risk of carrying quantities of currency on your travels if you will take a City Bank Letter of Credit and a supply of travellers checks. Travel money in this form is safe, convenient and is honoured throughout the world.

Letters of Credit are issued in various currencies, the checks come in convenient dollar denominations.

The National City Bank of New York

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Zenith has again won 1st Prize at Neuchatel Observatory for the eighth time in 9 years for the 6 Best Pocket and Deck Chronometers.

"ZENITH"
The Incomparable Watch

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Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

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RELIABLE WASHING SUITING	From.
Office Suit C. T.	Rs. 10.
Tassore Suit C. T.	Rs. 15.
Cashmere Suit C.T.	Rs. 45.
White Office Shirt	Rs. 3
White Office Trousers	Rs. 4

W. I. T. C "LIBEL" CASE

Notice Converted Into Summons

"ANIMUS" ATTRIBUTED TO CHAIRMAN

Mr. Oscar Brown, Additional Presidency Magistrate, converted the notice into summons, in the case in which Mr. Fardoonji M. Fardoonji had charged Mr. A. Geddes with defamation.

The complainant is a merchant and a contractor and Mr. Geddes is the chairman of the Western India Turf Club Committee, and is also a steward.

In the course of his information, the complainant stated that the accused bore ill-will towards him in consequence of a letter which he had written to him. During the last ten years he (complainant) had written in the press on racing with the object of bringing about improvement in horse racing in the interest of the racegoing public.

PRESS ARTICLE.

In August last he contributed two articles in the "Sunday Chronicle," with the same object. He had also urged the introduction of more Indians in the Committee of the Western India Turf Club, the appointment of Indians as officials of the Club and the selection of men with better knowledge of racing as stewards.

He had further advocated an association of racegoers.

The accused, the complainant alleged, who had already been ill disposed towards him in consequence of a letter he had written to him, became more pronounced in his animus on account of his writings in the press. In the half-yearly general meeting of the members held on February 18th last at Mahaluxmi, the accused was elected chairman of the meeting.

INSINUATIONS.

After referring to the financial condition of the club, under the pretext of replying to criticisms in the press, the complainant alleged, the accused indulged in a personal attack on the complainant making defamatory insinuations and allegations against him (the complainant), attributing motives of personal gain behind the writings in the press, and characterising the lomplainant as an irresponsible person and his utterances beneath contempt.

The accused was then called upon to apologise but he did not. The complainant therefore took process against him in the court of law.

On Thursday when the case came for hearing Mr. Dosabhoy Billimoria advocate appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Mr. J. D Davar, bar.at-law.

MALICE.

Mr. Billimoria submitted that the remarks of the accused had nothing whatever to do with the business before the meeting and that what he addressed was a "fling" at the complainant to lower him in the estimation of the members of the club present at the meeting.

In doing this he was actuated by malice because the complainand had written to him a private letter on May 20, 1931, which had annoyed him.

Mr. Billimoria submitted his client was on the committee with Col. Finlay and Capt. Crawford to frame certain rules of the club and he was one of the very few men in India about whose knowledge of horse-racing there could be no question, as he had been associated with the sport for the last twenty-five years.

Mr. Billimoria added that the complainant was justified in writing that Indians were sparingly taken as members of the club. If the list of membership was studied they would find only 70 Indians out of a total of 350 members.

CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Davar, for the accused said that the complainant has been writing against the club in newspapers since 1921 and had carried on a campaign of vilification. Counsel submitted that the accused was not actuated by malice and that the accused was asked by the committee to refer to the writings of the accused while addressing as chairman before the committee.

Mr. Billimoria, replying, said that the committee did not authorise the accused to indulge in personal remarks.

After some argument His Worship converted the notice into summons.

MONSOON ADVANCES

Konkan Receives Showers

POONA, May 20.

The temporary advance of the monsoon in the Southeast Arabian Sea has again caused nearly general rain with heavy falls in Malabar.. Rainfall has extended in Kanara and the Konkan and conditions are markedly unsettled off Kanara, where a depression is probably forming.

An advance of the monsoon is also occurring in the South of the Bay of Bengal and the Andaman Sea, and local rain has fallen in Lower Burma.

Nearly general rain is reported from Mysore and local thundershowers from the Bombay Deccan and the Madras Deccan, with a few falls from South-east Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Port Blair ½ inch; Tourngoo 3/4; Bassein ½; Rangoon 1/4; Mangalore and Calicut 5; Marmagao, Karwar and Cochin 3; Mercara 1½; Ratnagiri and Khandala 1; Trivandrum 3/4; Bijapur, Belgaum and Gadag ½; Poona, Mysore, Coimbatore, Anantpur and Coonoor 1/4.

Forecast:—Rainfall will continue in Malabar and Mysore and increase in the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan and in Lower Burma and extend in South Hyderabad and in Bengal and Assam.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain will continue in and near Kanara and Coorg and may extend in the North Konkan during next 36 hours.—A.P.

"TREE AS "SWARAJ ASHRAM"

Arrests At Cuttack

CUTTACK, May 14.

Some Congress volunteers marching through the streets of Cuttack yesterday were arrested in Choudhery Bazar.

Twelve "Satyagrahis" were arrested on the 12th May from under a 'Pipal' tree at Nayasarak, Cuttack, while cooking their food. It is said that the said tree is used as "Swaraj Ashram."—A.P.

WORK FOR UNEMPLOYED

New Industries Spring Up In Britain

RUGBY, May 19.

At the annual sales meeting of the International Refrigerator Company, it was announced that British Thomson Houston electric refrigerators which had hitherto been imported from America will now be manufactured in England at British Thomson Houston Works Rugby. The estimated development will provide work for another 6,000 hands at the factory which already gives employment directly or indirectly to a large proportion of the population of Rugby. The British industry will benefit by the increase in use of raw materials, especially steel, and large expenditure will be involved in the production of new tools. The additional current which, will be required for the manufacture of refrigerators at Rugby is 10,00,000 units annually.

NEW ENTERPRISES.

According to officers of the London Chamber of Commerce, approximately 100 new industrial enterprises have been started in Britain in the past few months or are installing machinery with a view to production in the near future. Factories include the old premises taken over and new ones built. About a dozen of them have been initiated by British firms which have begun manufacture of goods formerly imported, and the remainder by foreign firms which think it desirable to start production here. More than half of the new factories are within 50 miles of London. Among the nations concerned are Germany (27), Holland (15), United States (15), Belgium (6) Switzerland (4) France (2- Czechoslovakia (2) Austria (2) and Denmark (1).—B. O. W.

Magistrate Bans Kali Puja Mela

RAJSHAHI, May 15.
(By Mail)

Notice under section 144 Cr. P. C. has been served by the District Magistrate of Rajshahi on the organisers of the Kali Puja Mela, prohibiting the holding of the mela, unless proper steps are taken for the supply of water there.—A. P.

LIFE INSURANCE

There are three dangers which prevent an earning member from saving enough money for an emergency.

These are impecunious relations, needy friends and a pliable temperament inclined to spend what little spare money one has on hand.

The surest and the best manner in which such savings can be disposed of is in a life insurance policy.

Monies invested in a life insurance policy are out of the reach of any one including the insured himself.

Modern civilization has yet to invent a better institution than life insurance companies to protect savings of individuals and conserve the wealth of nations.

Life Insurance Companies everywhere are considered to be large financial institutions and all leaders in different walks of life always eulogise the services rendered to the people by life insurance companies.

By insuring one's life, one not only insures his earning capacity but what is more, insures a competence to the limit of one's capacity.

Conserve your savings; ensure your future by insuring with Indian Life Insurance Companies. In that way you will be rendering a double service—a service to yourself and your dependents and a real service to the nation at large.

(Issued by)

INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE OFFICES ASSOCIATION BOMBAY.

keep fit — keep slim — keep active
on this crisp crunchy energy food

"The great secret" doctors say "of keeping fit, slim and active out East is sufficient roughage in one's food." Now there's a delicious way of providing Nature's need for roughage—crisp, crunchy VITA-WEAT—the 100% Whole Wheat Crisp Bread.

The crisp, tasty Vita-Weat wafers are delicious with cheese, butter and marmalade. Used instead of bread, Vita-Weat quickly tones up the system, makes you fit and keeps you slim, gives you the 'roughage' and the vitamins that ordinary food out East often lacks.

Try it for a week or so. All good stores now stock it.

Vita-Weat
The 100% whole wheat Crisp Bread

Manufactured exclusively by
PEEK FREAN & CO., LTD., LONDON.
Agents:—HERBERT, SON & CO. LTD., Bombay & Calcutta,

T. MOTANDAS & CO., opp. Boulton Market, Karachi. PARRY & Co., Madras. HARPERINK SMITH & Co., Ltd., Merchant Street, Rangoon. GOODRICK & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 47, Colombo.

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INDIAN MADE

Leather suit case, Attache cases, Cabin Trunks, Document cases; Kit-Bags; Hand Bags; Note cases, Handals, Dressing Cases, Belts, Etc.
At Moderate Prices.

Fire Attache And Suit Cases, A Speciality
GOLD FILLED LEATHER WORKS,
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TILES & MARBLE MERCHANTS
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SUNDARI SATHI FOR LADIES' HEALTH
FOR MENSTRUAL AND OTHER DISORDERS OF THE LADIES.

Cures all troubles and Disorders peculiar to the Fair Sex, sure and certain for all female complaints. Specially useful in Leucorrhoea, Menorrhea, Amenorrhoea, Dysmennorrhoea, Cardic Debility, Anaemia, Hysteria; Habitual Miscarriage, Sterility and all menstrual Disorders.

SUNDARI SATHI cures frequent and Suppressed menses, Whites, irregular discharges, Asthma Headache; Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism and Backache.. It is really a boon to the female sex., Hundreds of Doctors and Physicians use it extensively.

SUNDARI SATHI is the only guaranteed Scientific remedy for all female ills. Price Re. 1. Three bottles Rs. 2-10.

What Doctors say about SUNDARI SATHI:—

Dr. B. A. Munshi, L. C.P. & S. Medical Officer, Jamjodpur, writes: I have used "Sundari Sathi" many years and found it of marvellous effect especially on uterine diseases. I recommend "Sundari Sathi" for female diseases to all my friends.

Bhat Gaurishanker Lajjaram, writes from Sateda: My wife has used your "Sundari Sathi" and has given birth to a male child and she has been cured of all her complaints. Please send 3 more bottles.

Sold Everywhere at All Chemists and Druggists.

DAVE CHEMICAL WORKS, BOMBAY 2.
Madras Branch:—Nayniappa Naick Street, P. T. MADRAS.

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SPECIAL FEATURES:—

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Applications for Agencies are invited from Gentlemen of Influence and Co-operative Organisations. Apply to :—

Chief Agents for Gujrat:—
Messrs. GANDHI & CO.
Kanpith, Surat.

Chief Organizers:—
Messrs. KULKARNI & CO.
9, Bakehouse Lane,
Fort, Bombay.

T. T. RUWALA, Assistant Secretary.

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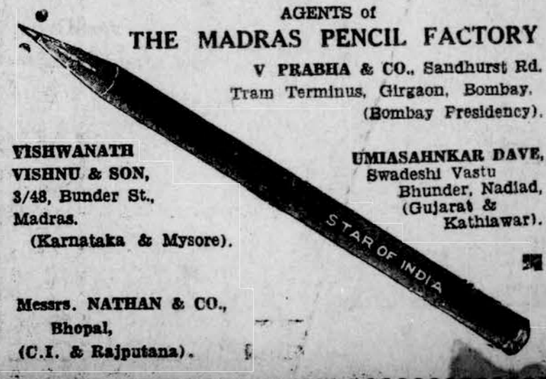
A few DISTRICT AGENTS in Karnataka, Gujarat, Kathiawar. and Khandesh and Special Agents on Special Terms to work in the City and Suburbs of Bombay. The candidates must be fairly educated and well connected and must possess some knowledge of this business. Eligible candidates will be taken on encouraging monthly allowance and liberal commission.

Apply to THE SECRETARY, BOMBAY BRANCH.
Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

AGENTS of
THE MADRAS PENCIL FACTORY
V PRABHA & CO., Sandhurst Rd.
Tram Terminus, Girgaon, Bombay.
(Bombay Presidency).



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FAMILIAR FRUITS COMPETITION

FIRST PRIZE Rs. 1,000

For An All Correct Or Nearest Solution

2nd Rs. 300, 3rd Rs. 200

AND

40 CONSOLATION PRIZES

Here is a Competition which presents an easy opportunity for you to secure a handsome prize. As will be seen the most familiar of fruits, fruits that everyone has eaten and enjoyed, are here illustrated. All you have to do is to give the correct name for each fruit. To simplify this already simple competition, we give below the names of the fruits illustrated. Now set to work and pick up enough money to keep you supplied with fruit for a whole year.

Rules

Here is a complete list of the fruits illustrated:—

CUSTARD APPLE, JACK FRUIT, PEACH, APRICOT, APPLE, MANGO, PAPAYA, FIGS, DATES, GRAPES, POMEGRANATE, SWEET LIME, LOQUATS, LICHEES, PALM FRUIT, BANANAS, ORANGE, MARSH MELON, LEMON, BLACKBERRIES, WATER MELON, GUAVA, PINEAPPLE, GOOSEBERRIES.

2. Examine the pictures carefully and then fill in, in the spaces provided the name of each fruit.
3. Only the names given in the clues are to be used.
4. After you have filled in all the names of the fruits, write your name and full address clearly in the coupon given below. Then cut out the Coupon and your solution and enclose EIGHT ANNAS IN "QUARTER-ANNA" OR "HALF-ANNA" STAMPS AS ENTRANCE-FEE.
5. Address your entries to:

THE COMPETITION MANAGER,
FAMILIAR FRUITS COMPETITION,
POST BOX NO. 706, *Bombay.*

Local residents may, if they choose, enclose 8-ANNAS in COIN instead of STAMPS and hand them in at the Competition Counter in the Offices of the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" and the "BOMBAY SAMACHAR" and obtain receipt for the same.

6. Alterations, corrections or mutilations of entries will disqualify the entrants submitting such.
7. No correspondence will be entered into and all competitors enter this Competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is final, legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this Competition, and that competitors accept these rules as legal and binding.
8. All entries must be received not later than the last post on 26th May, 1932.
9. In case of ties the Competition Manager reserves the right to divide the prizes at his discretion, and his decision will be final.
10. Any number of entries may be submitted by each competitor, provided a separate Coupon, Solution and Entrance Fee is enclosed for each entry.
11. No competitor can win more than one prize.
12. No responsibility is accepted for non-receipt of entries, unless handed over personally and receipt obtained for the same (See rule 5).
13. This is a joint competition appearing simultaneously in the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar."

Familiar Fruits

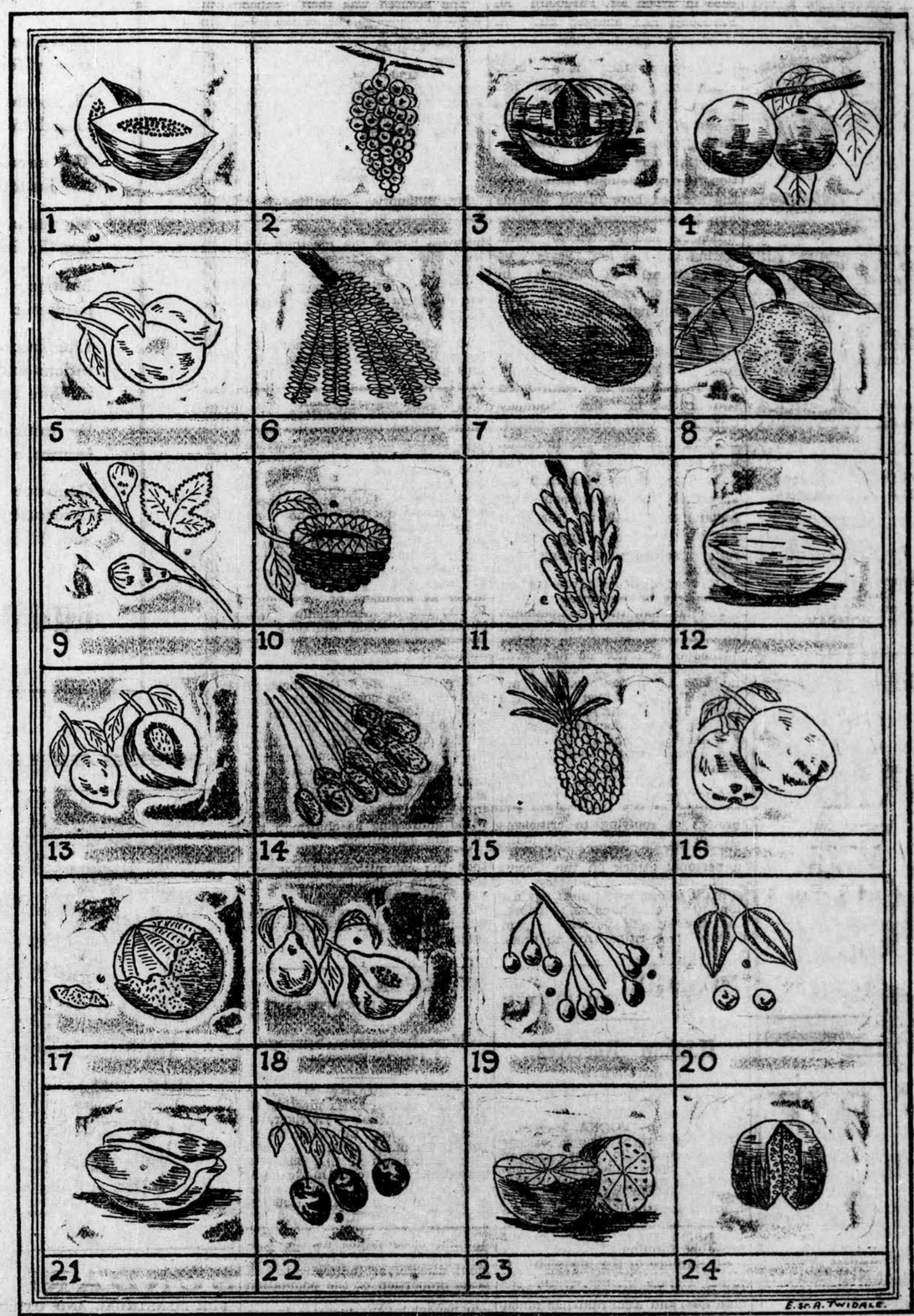
COMPETITION COUPON

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

.....

.....



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NO SOAP ..... NO FAT

Per Tube -/3/-

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. . . . . is the natural impulse of every client and customer.

We cater to people who make this demand with regard to suits and clothes.

We stock only the best of Swadeshi cloth—choicest selections of suitings and shirtings—to suit all tastes.

Europe Outfit A Speciality

AGENTS:—
for famous Sashisen Elastic abdominal Belts & COLOMBO which is the best remedy for COLD, HEADACHE, COUGH, Lung affection and SORE THROAT, etc., etc.

For satisfaction call personally any day except Sundays.

THE RADIANT TAILORING SHOP

Opp. Albless Baug, Near Kemp & Co. Charni Road, BOMBAY.

DRAMA OF A MODERN SELF-ASSERTIVE WOMAN

At The Empress Cinema

"I take this woman", a Paramount talkie to be screened at the Empress Cinema, Lamington Road, this week, is an intriguing drama of a modern self-assertive woman. Two of the screen's most popular players, Gary Cooper and Carole Lombard enact the fresh, actionful and entertaining story on a subject that has always intrigued human interests, namely, the woman tamed by love. The locale is laid in New York and the West, the varying backgrounds including a rowdy night-club the vast ranch, a luxurious Park Avenue apartment and a barren stretch of country on the fringe civilipation. The picture tells the story of a selfish capricious daughter of a wealthy man, taking a holiday on a ranch while a society scandal involving her good name blows over. She falls in love with a hardy ranch-man, Gary Cooper, and marries him, her father, exasperated at her indiscretion, disinherits her, and in the ensuing months of struggle, she tries to accommodate herself to the rough life of her husband's barren ranch. Unable to bear the rigorous of a new life, she leaves Cooper to enjoy again the gay and glittering life of her smart society. But though enjoying everything that her heart desires, she finds life unhappy without the man she has learnt to love. Cooper refuses to come to her, and she is forced to decide between the luxury of her own life and love. Subsequent incidents give a dramatic twist to the story, carrying it to a surprsng climax. The contrast of settings adds vividness to an absorbing love story based on a vital modern theme.

"MYSTERIOUS ISLAND"

At The Edward Cinema

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's all-colour silent film "Mysterious Island" will be screened this week at the Edward Cinema, Kalbadevi Road. Lionel Barrymore, Lloyd Hughes, Montague Love and Jane Daly with a supporting cast of several thousands including 200 liliputians and midgets are in the film. The story relates the exploits of Count Dakkar who has devoted his genious and fortune to helping his oppressed people in the fight for independence. His trip from the mysterious island kingdom to the realm of the submarine folk on the ocean's bottom is the theme of the picture which has cost about a million dollars in the making

763 CONVICTED IN KAIRA DISTRICT

Attachments And Khalsa Notices Galore

(From A Correspondent)

NADIAD, May 19.

763 persons have been jailed in Kaira District for taking part in C.D.Movement upto 13th instant as under:—

Borsad	412
Nadiad	101
Anand	100
Matar	73
Mahamdabad	41
Thasra	24
Kapadvanj	12

561 ATTACHMENTS IN KAIRA

The following are the attachments made in Kaira District upto 13th instant.

Borsad	405
Matar	110
Anand	31
Nadiad	14
Mahamadabad	5
Thasra	2

KHALSA NOTICES IN KAIRA

325 is the number of notices served in Kaira District upto 13th May.

KAYE DON'S BID

RUGBY, May 20.

English racing motorist Kaye Don who is piloting Lord Wakefield's motor boat Miss England Third in trial runs on Lake Garda, Italy yesterday tested the vessel at quarter throttle and attained a speed of 100 miles per hour. Kaye Don expresses himself delighted with the boat's performance and states that he may attempt to recapture the world's water speed record—107 miles per hour by Commodore Garwood of the United States—before race for Dannunzio Trophy on Lake Garda next week.—E. O. W.

FOR HEALTH and HAPPINESS

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PURE FRESH and FILTERED TIL OIL

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SWASTIK OIL MILLS Ltd.

Swastik Brand

Sold in sealed tins of 5 and 10 shers
Empty tins will be paid for when returned

Available at:—

RASHTRIYA SWADESHI BHANDAR

Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi and Chaupaty

And all respectable stores and grain dealers of Bombay

INDIAN TEXTILE PAGE.

JOHN KNOX

Maker Of Scotland

Behind St. Giles' High Kirk in Edinburgh there is a small square stone set into the causeway. On it are carved two letters, I. K.

A man I know goes there every time he is in Edinburgh—to spit on the stone.

The stone marks the grave of John Knox.

Well, you don't spit in a dead man's face, and, believe me, John Knox is not dead. He is still exciting a great deal more admiration, awe, and hatred than most people alive in the physical body at this moment.

He is alive, too. not only in the spirit, but also in the bodily existence of the nation which he has shaped as no other nation has ever been re-shaped in all history.

Except the Jews, by Moses. Except, perhaps, the Russians, by Lenin, writes G. M. Thomson in the "Daily Express."

He was the real hammer of the Scots, Edward I. was a bungler. He made a nation when he meant to make a seridom. Knox purposed to re-make that nation in the image of his God. He did it. The nation is there to this day to witness to his work.

It is necessary to know something of what the word "God" ment to the man. Knox was overwhelmed and uplifted by a sense of the majesty and transcendence of God. If there seems something harsh and repellen in his creed, that is the explanation.

God is unimagniably beyond our little understandings, our paltry codes and standards. He does not accept limitations on His conduct, even from quite high dignitaries of the Anglipan Communion.

Knox' faith was no soft-hearted religion for soft-headed people.

You may call it narrow and gloomy, but admit that it is a religion for men, a religion which abates nothing from the terrible glory of God, and which puts man in his place.

You may say it is intolerant. It is. Toleration is the smudged outline of worn print. It is mental flabbiness seeking comfort for its own debility.

With this religio Knox thrust a framework steel into the feckless, reckless structure of the Scottish race (a race which reacts to powerful tonics).

He could never have gripped the Scots by the throat as he did and shaken them into discipline and uprightness if God had not gripped him by the throat.

In himself, without the sustaining and driving power of his religion, Knox was a very ordinary person. Until he was forty he was an obscure official of the Roman Catholic Church in Scotland. But in his last thirteen years he tore down the old Scotland and built the new.

It is the greatest feat of statesmanship in British history. Name me its equal! Find me a nation which, thanks to the concentrated, purposeful, and farious toil of a few years in one man's life, has taken an impress which it has not lost after 350 years.

And the feat was performed in the face of deadly peril by a man to whom physical danger was a real and terrible thing.

The evidence for Knox' cowardice is quite clear. He fled from England to escape the Marian persecution. When Scotland called him first, he could not pluck up courage to face the dangers of the mission. He tarried at Dieppe. Finally, he turned tail.

No doubt this failure in courage, which he could not justify to himself, can be associated with his physical slightness and constitutional weakness.

He was imaginative, with a highly strong nervous system. And there was precious little fun in being a reformer in Knox' time. You were liable to be hounded from country to country by an international organisation employing the most frightful penal methods.

You might wake up one morning—Knox did—and find that the State in which you dwelt had changed overnight from a friend to a relentless enemy.

The time was one for men of iron nerves and bull-necked courage Knox had neither. But he has something better—the consuming compelling passion of faith. I was this that sustained him on the winter's day when he went to face his trial for treason before the Queen and the Secret Council.

He was afraid as he faced them there in the yellow candlelight, those bitter enemies who were waiting for him to step into their trap. Afraid until, suddenly, he remembered—God! Before that sublimer intimidation his little terrors fled away.

This was the fear that had driven him back to Scotland to lead what was then a forlorn hope.

When it seemed that even that small hope had vanished and that the reformer had irretrievably lost the day, it was not Knox who lost heart. It was the hard, bitten nobles and lairds.

Knox preached to those dejected and humiliated fugitives in Stirling Kirk. He rebaked them, thundered at them, inflamed them with his own spirit and rent them forth at army determined to conquer.

"I assure you," wrote Randolph, the English agent, "the voice of one man is able in one hour to put more life in us than five hundred trumpets continually blustering in our cars."

There is no escaping the image of the trumpet in Knox' life. It was an iamge constantly present to his own mind. For him the Scottish Protestants were marching round the walls of Jericho, sounding their trumpets.

His famous denunciation of women rulers bore the title, "First Blast of the Trumpet against the Monstrous Regiment of Women."

When he wanted to say that he had been preaching in Edinburgh, he wrote, "The trumpet below the mild sound three days together till private houses of indifferent largeness could not contain the sound of it."

He wrote that in a letter to a woman. Women meant a great deal to him. Not only did he marry twice—the second time when he was fifty-nine, and to a girl of sixteen—but he had many women friends with whom he exchanged copious lletters.

He was intensely emotional, highly sexed—as we would say—and there was, too, an almost femining streak in him which craved the luxury of confessing and hearing confession. His hopes and fears and despairs were poured out to sundry respectable matrons, in whose spiritual struggles he, in turn, acted as adviser and umpire.

But his life was blameless. The accusations of his enemies on the score of immorality are obviously vulgar inventions.

Even in the case of that second marriage, which might have been the usual squalid tragi-comedy of the union of September and May, he emerges with dignity unimpaired. His girl-wife was evidently devoted to him.

He brought both the Reformation and the Renaissance to Scotland. Of that upheaval he was prophet, revolutionary leader, and historian—Voltaire, Robespierre, and Thomas Carlyle rolled into one.

And his "History" is great literature. He gave Scotland her creed, her Kirk, her system of education, and her democracy.

FLYER'S ESTATE SUED FOR PLANE

Money Asked For Craft In Which He Crashed

Shall the estate of Captain John O. Donaldson, youthful American, World War aviator who brought down nine enemy planes in two months at the age of 19, be forced to pay for the loaned biplane in which he crashed to his death

This legal question, which is said to be without precedent in New York will arise in Surrogate's Court, Surrogate O'Brien must decide whether a flyer's estate is liable for wrecking of the plane in which he was killed.

Mrs. Opal Kunz, former wife of Dr. George Kunz, vice-president of of Tiffany and Co., has entered such a claim against the estate of Captain Donaldson.

Captain Donaldson was killed during an American Legion air show at Philadelphia on September 7, 1930, when the Wright-powered Travelair biplane in which he was flying went out of control after a barrel roll and fell upside down for 1,500 feet, crashing in that position. Captain Donaldson had his arms and legs broken and suffered concussion of the brain, dying two hours later in a local hospital.

TAUGHT HER TO FLY.

Mrs. Kunz charges that the trim machine in which he fell to his death, which was painted white with a gilded nose, was her property and cost her dol. 11,967 Captain Donaldson had taught Mrs. Kunz to fly only a few months before, and a few weeks before the accident she had had a forced landing in the Pennsylvania hills, partially wrecking the machine. It was repaired shortly before Captain Donaldson's fatal accident.

Mrs. Kunz made a claim for the purchase price to Mrs. Harriet M. Donaldson, of Atlanta, Ga, the flyer's widow, but Mrs. Donaldson rejected it.

Mrs. Kunz filed an objection to an accounting by Mrs. Donaldson showing the estate, orginally estimated at dol. 100,000, to have been dol. 27,269, now reduced to dol. 7,962.

Captain Donaldson borrowed her plane often, she said, after having taught her to fly, and, according to her lawyer, Frank Delaney, won dol. 1,000 with it in the Rim of Ohio air race.

SALE OF NAPLES CIRCUS

MILAN. (By Mail.)

All except two of the 73 lions of the Schneider Circus at Naples have been sold to a Paris firm. They comprise 59 adult animals and 12 cubs a few months old. The other two, small ones, were bought by the municipality of Naples.

The furniture and fittings of the circus, which had been valued at about 250,000 lire, were disposed of for 72,000 lire to the representatives of two firms in Switzerland and Constance respectively.

Another public auction will be held to dispose of the remaining horses, monkeys, jackals, and pelicans.

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Buy the BEST of Indian.

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Indian Yarns

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THE CENTRAL INDIA SPG., WVG. & MFG. CO.'S "EMPRESS MILLS", NAGPUR,
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All Descriptions of Cloth

Plain and Fancy, Grey, Bleached and Dyed, Coarse and Fine
AT MILL PRICES

Retail Shop in Bombay:

Kalkadevi Road, near Princess Street.

The above Companies' Goods are also available

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

At Prices Fixed By The Mills At:

Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar, Akola, Amritsar, Bangalore, Barakar, Bezwada, Bilaspur, Bombay, Burhanpur, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Chaibassa, Coimbatore, Delhi, Hubli, Jubbulpore, Karachi, Madras, Muzaffarpur, Nasik, Nagpur, Poona, Patna, Raipur, Ranchi. Rangoon, Sambalpur, Secunderabad, Shimoga, Sholapur and Wardha.

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Manufacturers of all kinds of BLEACHED, DYED and GRAY GOODS

OUR SPECIALITIES: COATINGS, SHIRTINGS, DHOTIES IN FAST COLOURS

Also:

FINE YARNS and SEWING THREADS.

CLOTH Selling Agents: V. S. APTE & SON, Mulji Jetha Market.

YARN Selling Agent: NEHALCHAND LALOOCHAND, Tamba Kanta, Pydhoni.

RETAIL purchases may be made from:

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MANOHAR CLOTH STORES, Kamala Terrace, KHAR.

KOHINOOR MILLS CO., Ltd.

Agents KILLICK NIXON & CO.

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If you have not tried them yet, do so and ask for cloths of:

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WESTERN INDIA SPG. & MFG. Co. Ltd.
CROWN SPG. & MFG. CO. LTD.
Moolji Jetha Market, BOMBAY 2.

Gaubold Chemnitz, Germany.

Leading Continental Manufacturers of Latest Type

TEXTILE MACHINERY

FOR:
BLEACHING, DYEING, FINISHING, MERCERISING, PRINTING, CALENDERING — of — COTTON, WOOLLEN, SILK, ART SILK, JUTE, etc. GOODS

as supplied for the last 40 years to the Leading Mills in Ahmedabad, Bombay, Sholapur and Calcutta Districts.

Manufacturers Representative: G. HEIDEL, Esqr.
Head-Quarters: GRAND HOTEL, AHMEDABAD.

AGENTS:—

GOPALAL GIRDHARLAL & CO., Bombay-Ahmedabad,
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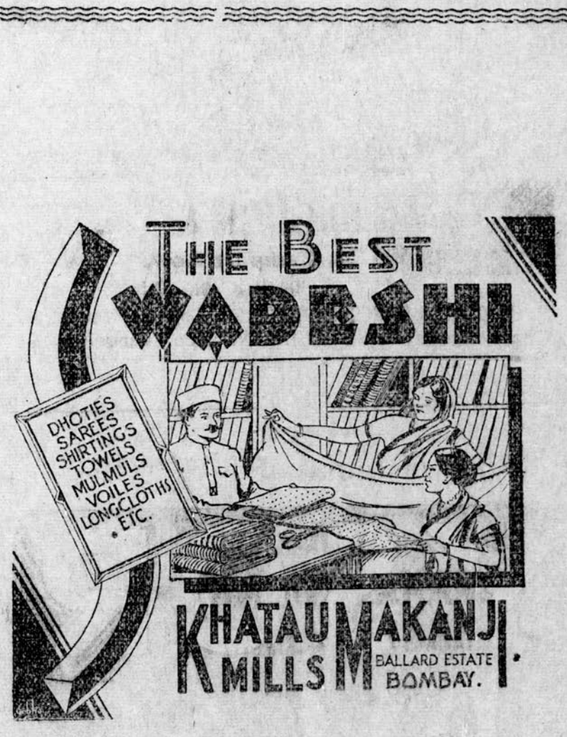

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Hototogisu Talkie

AN AMERICO-JAPANESE PRODUCTION

Preliminary meeting was held yesterday and actual work scheduled to begin to-day on the first Japanese-made talking picture to use first-rate foreign reproducing equipment. Although the work is in the nature of an experiment, it is generally understood that, if successful, it will lead to the entrance of foreign producers into the Japanese field.

The picture, an adaption of "Hototogisu", a novel of the time of the Sino-Japanese War, is being produced by Nishimoto Productions, with the cooperation of Paramount, Ltd. It will be distributed by Paromount through its string of theaters.

The news is important in that it marks the first entrance of a big foreign producer into the realm of Japanese talking pictures. While Paramount's connection with the present effort is only "cooperative". it is admitted that the success of the picture will guide the big concern in its future policy.

This will be first time that Western Electric sound recording equipment has been used in Japan," it was pointed out at the Paramount office to-day. "If the picture is the success that we expect it will be, it will be one of the most important recent events in Japan's moving picture industry."

OFFICIALS' HOPES.

"Hitherto, both recording and a great deal of the sound reproducing has been through the medium of admittedly second rate equipment. With this Western Electric system, which is used in all of Paramount's American studios, and is generally admitted to be the best of its kind, we hope to produce a picture which will be an epic", company officials declared.

That the work will not be a trivial affair is shown by the inclusion in the cast of Yaeko Mizutani, Japan's leading dramatic actress, and Den Ohigata, a rising young star borrowed from Nikkatsu's staff. The story has been specially adapted from one of the country's minor classics for the picture.

The success of the picture will be judged primarily from the artistic standpoint. If it is possible to produce screen dramas sufficiently better than the current efforts, Paramount executives say, it is assumed that the public can be brought to patronize them.

PUBLIC RECEPTION.

The point of public reception will not be overlooked, however. It is in this respect that Paramount's co-operation is important, entertainment experts were pointing out to-day. The extensive string of theaters and the already established patronage of those theaters, will offer a good test of the picture appeal.

Paramount officials were reluctant to make any definite statement on actions contemplated for the future. They admitted, though, that if they decided to enter the production field in this country, they would do it thoroughly.

"It will be all Paramount—that is, we will organize our own work and use our own staff, rather than combine with an already established concern. Our staff, would, however, be almost completely Japanese," was the way they expressed it.—"The Japan Times".

APPRENTICE-AUTHORS

Hollywood's Effort To "Groom" Writers

Hollywood, having made a fine art of the "grooming" of actors and actresses for stardom, is apparently carrying the same process into the scenario department.

Radio Pictures announce that a number of the most fertile college writers is to be added to the studio writing staff. These young men and women, whose experience of authorship has been gained in writing for college magazines, are to be encouraged to submit story-ideas "however radical they may appear."

The apprentices are also to be told to disregard all former story trends in films.

Hollywood has had some trying, and expensive, experiences with established authors from Maurice Maeterlinck to P. G. Wodehouse—or vice versa. Perhaps the studio moguls think literary collegians will be more tractable—and cheaper.—"The Era."

SOVIET OPERA AND BALLET

Prizes For Interpreting Proletarian Social Regime

(BY WALTER DURANTY.)

The Moscow Grand Opera and the newspaper Communist Youth Pravda jointly announced a prize contest for a new opera and ballet, libretto and dusic, to celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of the Bolshevist revolution. For the opera a first prize of 20,000 rubles is offered a second prize of 12,000 roubles and a third of 8,000 rubles. Identical prizes are offered for the ballet.

These will not be performed this year, as entries for the contest will be received up to March 1 next year, but there will be a special musical performance at the Grand Opera House next November with a first prize of 10,000 rubles and a second prize of 5,000 and a symphony with prizes of 7,000, 4,000 and 3,000 rubles.

The conditions sound difficult. The music must develop new forms which will not only synthesize the musical culture of the past but also be "a monumental musical expression of humanity transformed by the proletarian Socialist regime."

The libretto and music must be developed along the following themes: First, socialistic industrialization; second, socialistic reconstruction of agriculture, the class war in villages, liquidation of the kulak and collectivization; third, the technical revolution, with the struggle for the highest technical skill in town and country; fourth, socialistic labour, stressing the new attitude of the worker towards his job; fifth, the transformation of man's life and consciousness; sixth, youth and its struggle on all Socialist fronts; seventh, cultural improvement and the question of nationalities along the lines laid down by Lenin; eighth, the Red Army and national defense; ninth, the union of Socialist Soviet Republics as the "shock brigade" of the world proletariat; tenth, the history of the revolutionary struggle from its beginning in 1905 to the present day, including revolutionary movements in the West and the Colonial East.—"Japan Times."

The Hon'ble Justice Sir V. Ramesam, Kt., writes:—

"Gopal Vihar," Mylapore.
14th November, 1931.

Dear Mr. Srinivasan,

I have received the Valuation Report and other Literatures connected with **The Indian Mutual Life Association, Ltd.**, and have gone through the same.

As one of the earliest members of the Association, I am glad to see the progress it has made within these six years. One may well be proud of it, as it is all achieved without the aid of Capital of Capitalists—the Association being run by the Policy-holders themselves.

With greater spread of knowledge it ought to progress very rapidly, **and one day our institution ought to become as big and as extensively useful to the public as** the giant Mutual Societies of America and Australia.

The Directors and the Management are to be congratulated so far and if they will continue to work as economically and with the same devotion and enthusiasm as in these initial years, **the Association will be the most popular institution in South India in a few years.**

Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) V. RAMESAM.

To,
General Secretary,
INDIAN MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION, LTD.,
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For full particulars apply to:—
THE GENERAL SECRETARY.

Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu, Advocate, Ex-Member, Council of State & President, The Provincial Co-Operative Union, writes:

"FARHAT BAGH,"
Mylapore Madras,
14th Dec. 1931.

To,
The GENERAL SECRETARY,
The Indian Mutual Life Association, Ltd.

Dear Sir,

I thank you for the copy of the Prospectus, Valuation and Annual Reports sent to me, which I went through with much interest.

A welcome feature of the working of your concern is the strikingly economic and careful way in which the management is carried on. It is a commendable feature in these days when large expenditure, naturally resulting in high premia, is incurred to attract big business.

The Association is a Mutual Life Assurance Society, composed solely of Policy-holders, with the right of ownership vesting in them and the **constitution of the concern appeals to me, as it resembles in a way that of a co-operative organisation.** As one interested in the progress of all co-operative institutions, I heartily wish your Association great success and prosperity.

I am glad to see the progress you have made within these six years and to notice that your first valuation has disclosed a surplus enabling you to distribute a bonus to members. With these achievements to your credit, I am sure the public will recognise the advantages of joining your Association and enlarge the scope of its work.

With the best wishes for the Association,
I am, Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) V. RAMDAS PANTULU.

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See Newspapers:— FOR CABLED ACCEPTANCES WEIGHTS AND RESULTS

The "HANDICAP" in its increased size and new form will appear on the 16th July, 1932, and will contain Home and Indian Racing, Football, Tennis, Hockey, Cricket, Billiards, Boxing, Swimming, etc., and special Sporting Articles and Notes. Sample copy free.

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Dail Passes Oath Removal Bill

OPPOSITION AMENDMENT NEGATIVED

De Valera Reiterates Claim To Abolish Oath

DUBLIN, May 19.

The removal of the Oath of Allegiance Bill passed the final stage in the Dail by 77 votes to 69.

The Dail was crowded to-day on the occasion of the fateful sitting on the final stages of the Oath Bills.

Interest centred round the attitude of the Labour Party, whose leader had declared that he would support Government, but the possibility of individual abstentions was not entirely discounted.

The debate centred round that part of the bill proposing to remove the section of the Constitution Act declaring that anything in the constitution repugnant to the treaty shall be null and void, to which an official opposition amendment was tabled with the object of maintaining the treaty and preserving its legal status, although the oath might not be taken by members of the Free State Parliament.

Mr. McGilligan, moving the amendment, declared that Mr. De Valera had no mandate for his present aim of making the Free State constitution override the treaty.

Mr. De Valera, in the course of his reply, claimed that they were perfectly entitled under the treaty to abolish the oath.

The Opposition amendment was rejected by 77 votes to 69.—Reuter.

TEXT OF THE BILL

The following is the full text of the Constitution (Removal of the Oath) Act, 1932:—

Be it enacted by the Oireachtas of Saorstat Eireann as follows:

1. The Constitution shall be and is hereby amended as that is to say—(a) by the deletion of Article 17 thereof, and (b) by the deletion of the words "and shall comply with the provisions of Article 17 of this Constitution" now contained in Article 55 thereof.

2. Section 2 of the Constitution of the Irish Free State (Saorstat Eireann) Act, 1922 (No. 1 of 1922), is hereby repealed.

3. Article 50 of the Constitution shall be and is hereby amended by the deletion of the words "within the terms of the scheduled treaty" now contained therein.

4. This Act may be cited as the Constitution (Removal of Oath) Act, 1932.

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ROYAL DUKE LAYS FOUNDATION-STONE

4,000 YEARS-OLD MAUL USED

LONDON, May 19.

An Egyptian maul, 4,000 years old, was used by the Duke of Connaught, the Grand Master, to lay the dedication stone of a new Freemason's Hospital nursing house at Ravenscourt Park.

The ceremony was performed at Olympia by electricity. The stone on the site was electrically connected with the stone at Olympia, a green light showing the completion of the laying.

The Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, Prince Arthur of Connaught and Prince George were present in their capacities as Grand Masters.—Reuter.

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VILLIERS ON BOMBAY RIOTS

Reform Efforts Must Not Be Deflected

LONDON, May 20.

Occurrences like the communal outbreak in Bombay must not be allowed to deflect the efforts to evolve an Indian constitution, the "only alternative to it being utter chaos," says Mr. Villiers, President of the European Association of India, in an interview to the "Daily Telegraph."

He expressed the determination of the British in India to press for a full recognition of the rights of the minorities as laid down in last year's "Minorities Pact."

They retain the liberty of allying themselves with any other sect, party or religion, including the Congress, which wishes to co-operate and work constitutionally.

The "Daily Telegraph," in an editorial article, says: When Government are considering the terms of the communal settlement, they are bound to give equal consideration to the British community and Mr. Villiers's timely reminder must receive the attention it demands.—Reuter.

A "CHEQUERS" FOR ITALY

Rosezery's Gift

LONDON, May 19.

Lord Rosebery has offered the beautifully situated Villa Rosebery at Posilipo, Naples, to the Italian Government for use as an Italian "Chequers."

This beautiful estate, with extensive grounds, runs down to the shores of the Bay of Naples.

Formerly it belonged to one of the kings of Naples. Towards the end of his life the present Earl's father presented it for use as a summer residence for the British Ambassador. The ambassador was unable to avail himself of it owing to pressure of duties.—Reuter.

'MASSACRE' OF 'GIANTS'

On Leeds Golf Links!

LONDON, May 19.

There was a wholesale slaughter of golfing giants during the first and second rounds of the Leeds Seven hundred and Fifty Sterling Tournament. The biggest sensation was Henry Cotton's defeat by the Midland champion, Tom Barber, by 5/4 in the second round, which followed surprising results in the first round in which:

H. Woolicroft, of Bury, beat the international player, Archi Compston, at the twentieth hole.

Rhodes, an assistant at Wentworth, beat George Duncan 1—0.

C. Sayner, Birkdale, beat the Ryder Cup player, W. Davies, 5/4.

In the second round, Fred Robson beat Percy Alliss, 3—2.—Reuter.

LANCASHIRE WORKERS' BALLOT

LONDON, May 19.

A conference of textile workers' delegates at Blackburn has decided to hold a ballot of 200,000 members to decide whether they are prepared to strike against the decision of the employers to abrogate the hours and wages agreements.—Reuter.

ARMS PARLEY DELAYS

Lord Cecil's Protest

RUGBY, May 20

At the meeting in Geneva last night, Lord Cecil made a strong protest against delays of experts in determining what are offensive weapons. He said that if certain tendencies were allowed to prevail, the principle laid down by Sir John Simon and unanimously adopted by the General Commission was in danger of being refined out of existence.

Hes urged the continuance of the demand for the elimination of aggressive armaments which, he would define as those of Five Clauses Armaments which at Paris were forbidden to the vanquished Powers, namely warships over 10,000 tons, submarines tanks, mobile guns over 105 millimetres in calibre and all naval and military aircraft.—B.O.W.

BOMB EXPLOSION NEAR WARDHA

Woman And Child Injured

NAGPUR, May 18.

It is reported that a bomb explosion occurred at a village near Wardha in which a woman and a child were injured.—A. P.

THE LUCKY ONES

PICTURE PUZZLES COMPETITION RESULTS

As two persons submitted correct solutions for the above Competition, the first prize has been equally divided amongst them, each receiving Rs. 500.

Their names are as under:—

(1) M. D. SUBRAMANYAM Esqr.,
C/o Chief Auditor, G.I.P. Railway,
V.T., BOMBAY.

(2) A. SILVEIRA Esqr.,
Adamkhan Building,
Room 34, Hatibag Lane, B.,
BOMBAY 10.

The remaining prizes have been divided between the following 21 persons who have submitted entries with only two errors each. They receive a sum of Rs. 34 each.

SUM OF Rs. 34/- EACH

(1) Pheroze Rustomji Setna Esqr., C/o Bank of India, Zaveri Bazar, Bombay.
(2) H.K. Patel, C/o Karmali Janmohamad, 160/162 Samuel St. Bombay No. 3.
(3) C.B. Tolat, Vasant Nivas, C. P. Tank Road, Bombay.
(4) Ardesir M. Lala, Dubash Building, Slater Rd., Grant Rd., Bombay.
(5) H.A. Vakil, Nowroji St., Thakurdwar, Bombay 2.
(6) Ratilal M. Dalal, Boras Building, Kandewadi, Bombay.
(7) Shri Krishna Damodar Khulge, Mantri Building No. 2, 1st Floor, Room No. 15, Agar Bazar, Dadar, Bombay.
(8) J. D'Cunha, 176/1 Canal Street, Bombay.
(9) K.V. Sheth, Vijapur, Dt. Ahmedabad.
(10) G.N. Kulkarni, Forest Dept., Sunksal Post, via Ankola, Dt. N. Kanara.
(11) Miss D. Khan, 78 Lamington Road, Byculla, Bombay.
(12) Adi Hormusji Engineer, Ranchodas Building, Sorabji Vakil St., Grant Road, Bombay 7.
(13) K.P. Caleb, Chinna Gunuvaloor, Mydukon Post, Cuddapah Dt.
(14) Minoo P. Barsiwalla, Wilson Building, Vincent Road, Dadar, Bombay.
(15) Dendulurl Venkatramiah, Satyanarayanapura, Agraharam, Ellore, West Godavari Distt., Madras Presidency.
(16) N. Veeraiah, C/o Best & Co., Ltd., Singareni Collieries, N.S. Rly.
(17) V. Sundaresan, Indira Nivas, 15th Road, Khar.
(18) O.R. Subramaniyam Iyer, C/o Best & Co., Ltd., Singareni Collieries, N.S. Rly.
(19) N.K. Seetaraman, Clerk Statutory Audit Office, C/o Chief Auditor, G.I.P. Rly., V.T. Bombay.
(20) S.P. Yakambaram, C/o S. R. Raganiah, 2 Robertson Road, Frases Town, Bangalore Cant.
(21) P.K. Ramachandran, 114, Rasthaspeth, Poona City.

CONSOLATION PRIZES

The twenty Consolation Prizes of Rs. 5 each go to the following:—

(1) H.S. Kaneri Rao, Fort, Haribar.
(2) H. Ratnakar Rao, Krishna Oil & Rice Mills, Sanvordun, Goa.
(3) B.V. Muzumdar, Clerk Account Office, Karwar, N. Canara.
(4) Darab Ratansha Kapadia, 51, Merva Road, Malad, B.B. & C.I. Rly.
(5) Navanithal Harjivan Shah, C/o Harjivan Raichand Shah Amod, Dt. Broach (Gujerat).
(6) Markand Bhatt, Shree Daxinamorth, Takhteswar Plot, Bhavnagar (Kathiawar).
(7) H. Rama Rao, Compounder Hubli.
(8) S.K. Pitke, Road Clerk, Mahableshwar.
(9) Prem Narayan Tiwary, Raipur.
(10) Mrs. Pushpavati Harshadlal Shodhan, Ahmedabad.
(11) Mrs. D.S. Dalal, Gokak Falls P.O.
(12) R.K. Bushanam, Nagpur.
(13) Mrs. P.V. Iswari, Secunderabad.
(14) Balmukund Mahadhanlal Mehta, Nagarvada, Patan (N. Gujarat).
(15) M.B. Prabhu, C/o Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
(16) Janabai Sonvo, C.P. Tank, Bombay.
(17) Jyoti Parso, P.B. Hatnagar, Kothi.
(18) T.V. Ragotam Rao, Secunderabad.
(19) M.H. Pandya, Bhavnagar.
(20) Dinkar N. Desai, Ahmedabad.

CORRECT SOLUTION

The correct solutions are as under:—

(1) Bottle; (2) Fountain Pen; (3) Cup; (4) Stick; (5) Electric Fan; (6) Knife; (7) Tea Pot; (8) Kettle; (9) Bat; (10) Bed; (11) Chair; (12) Lantern; (13) Envelope; (14) Roller; (15) Balance; (16) Key; (17) Charkha; (18) Kite; (19) Motor Car; (20) Watch; (21) Railway Track; (22) Spoon; (23) Pencil; (24) Watering Can; (25) Door; (26) Nail; (27) Carriage; (28) Corkscrew; (29) Cart; (30) Ladder; (31) Blackboard; (32) Shoe.

HOW BANKS HELP ONE ANOTHER

An Example From Britain

LONDON, May 19.

The recent Stock Exchange concern for the position of a British bank with assets, according to the last balance sheet, of £70,000,000 and a capital of £5,500,000 has been allayed by the official statement that an arrangement in principle has been concluded by which a group of banks, headed by the Bank of England, will take over certain assets of the Anglo-South American Bank, totalling £7,000,000 connected with the nitrate industry, which cannot at present be realised.

It is noteworthy that the Anglo-South American Bank's "A" shares once last year touched over 120s. each. They dropped this week to half a crown each and recovered to 8s. yesterday in anticipation of the forgoing official statement, which will strengthen the bank's position.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS FLAGS ON VICTORIA STATUE

Cawnpore Incident

CAWNPORE, May 19.

It is understood that Congressites, who were mixed with amongst the visitors coming for an evening stroll in the Queen's Garden, hoisted tri-colour Congress flags on the Queen Victoria statue and on the Edward Memorial Hall, a little distance from the Statue. Two police sub-inspectors arrived on the scene and arrested them.—A.P.

BOMB TO BLOW UP GOVT. HOUSE

AUCKLAND, May 19.

A Russian seaman, George Segriff, who was arrested in the neighbourhood of Government House, was found to possess a gelignite bomb, which is capable of blowing up a large building.

A similar bomb was found in his room at the Sailors' Home.—Reuter.

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THE EMPRESS

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Here's one man who does—see how!

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This is to announce to our numerous well wishers and clients that the ALPHATONE CINEMA TRUCK has been sent yesterday the 20th instant on her initial touring trip from Bombay to Calcutta. The first halting place was THANA and to-day to KALYAN and so on according to scheduled itinerary. The intending customers are advised that their advertisements can be booked and forwarded on to truck by special arrangement. Either to Post Box No. 461 Bombay or to Tel. No. 25925 (Swadeshi Market) Kalbadevi.

KANJI K. GANDHI.

SWEET SPANISH FOR SENORS

LONDON, May 19.

The Prince of Wales personally acted as a guide to a party of Argentine students now in England when they visited Windsor Castle to-day. The Prince received them at the entrance of the castle and piloted them through the building.

He pointed out objects of interest for over an hour, peaking fluent Spanish the whole time.—Reuter.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Elissa Landi in WICKED

with Victor McLaglen
Una Merkel Allan Dinehart
Directed by Allan Dwan

Sometimes the huntress, sometimes the hunted ...she fought alone in a world where men obey one law... the law of the jungle.

FOX

Coming Shortly

SARASVATI CINETONE'S (Poona)

FIRST MAIDEN PRODUCTION

SHYAM-SUNDER

Marathi and Hindi Talkie.

Directed by BHAL PENDHARKER.
Featuring by MASTER MODAK and Miss SHANTA APTE.

West-End Talkies

Charni Road & Lamington Road.
WATCH FOR THE DATE!

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1932

JUPITER
GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

EXCITEMENT AT PEACE COMMITTEE MEETING

OFFICIAL VERSION OF THE INCIDENT

We have received the following official report of the meeting of the Conciliation Committee, held on Thursday evening:—

A meeting of the Conciliation Committee was held yesterday at 11 o'clock when it was decided to represent to the Commissioner of Police that all unauthorized ambulance cars should be immediately put down.

It was also decided to draw the attention of the Commissioner to the fact that several tea shops were really nothing more than rendezvous for Hindu and Muslim mavalis and something should be done immediately either to close these shops or to deal with the mavalis. It was also decided to represent to the Commissioner that the military and police pickets at present stationed in various localities were not considered to be adequate and in order to increase the sense of security among the people it was absolutely necessary to increase the strength of the Police and Military Forces.

It was also decided to distribute leaflets among the mill-hands in the northern part of the Island appealing to them to resume work and to help to restore peace and order in the City.

PROPOSED MANIFESTO.

A further meeting of the Committee was held at 5 p.m. Mr. Chagla proposed that a joint statement signed by the representatives of the Hindu and Muslim communities should be issued which should contain an unequivocal statement on the part of all leaders that they condemn the happenings of the past few days and that they have every respect for each other's religion; that people should resume their business and that the leaders would see that every protection was given to members of other communities who opened shops in localities inhabited by members of their community.

KHILAFAT VOLUNTEERS.

Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas was of the opinion that it was premature to issue a statement of this character just at that moment and he drew the attention of the meeting to a report of the "Free Press Bulletin" of that evening wherein it was stated that blood-stained knives were found in a Khilafat ambulance van. He said if the report was true that there was no use of talking of peace when such things were allowed to go on, unless Government were prepared to take drastic action and to deal not only with this organization but also with the head of the organization that was responsible for such incidents.

The Mayor drew the attention of Sir Purshotamdas to the fact that the matter could not be decided by merely a press report and that the whole matter would be inquired into before it could be definitely stated then any political organization was responsible for this ambulance van and for the knives that were found inside.

At this stage Mr. Shaukat Ali entered the room and wanted to reply to what had been stated by Sir Purshotamdas. Mr. Lalljee Naranji rose to a point of order and wanted the discussion to close as the matter was 'sub-judice.'

MAULANA'S STATEMENT.

The Mayor stated that as certain statements had been made by Sir Purshotamdas it would not be fair if Mr. Shaukat Ali was not given an opportunity to reply to those statements and therefore he would permit Mr. Shaukat Ali to state what he intended to state. Mr. Shaukat Ali then made a full and comprehensive statement and he was allowed to speak without any interruption.

Mr. Shaukat Ali stated that it was absolutely false that the Khilafat organization had any ambulance vans. In fact the only car that the Khilafat organization possessed was a Chevrolet that was used by him to go about. Mr. Shaukat Ali then proceeded to say that the "Free Press Journal" had stated that he and Sardar Suleman Cassum Mitha were responsible for the riots and that it was absolutely false and he proceeded to make certain allegations against the "Free Press Journal." Mr. Tairsee intervened and said that, that was a matter between Sardar Cassum Mitha, Mr. Shaukat Ali and the Editor of the "Free Press Journal" and the Conciliation Committee had nothing to do with it.

The Mayor ruled that Mr. Tairsee was right and that the Committee could not take up these private squabbles.

After the ruling was given Mr. Shaukat Ali wanted to insist on making allegations against the "Free Press Journal" when the Mayor asked him not to proceed with his remarks as he had already given his ruling, upon which Mr. Shaukat Ali remarked that the proceedings were a farce. The Mayor pulled him up and cautioned him against making such remarks. Mr. Shaukat Ali then in a temper left the meeting saying that he did not care a "damn" for the committee and for its proceedings.

MAYOR'S APPEAL.

The Mayor then appealed to all present to look at the events not as Hindus or Muslims but as citizens of this great City. They ought not to think of so many Hindus and so many Muslims killed. Whenever they heard of any death due to the riots, they ought to mourn the loss of an innocent life and feel the humiliation of a citizen being done to death by hooligans and Mavalis.

He said that he was grateful to all of them for the co-operation they had given him. As Mayor he was in the Chair, but if necessary he was prepared to work with them in any capacity. The only consideration that should weigh with them was an intense desire to serve the interests of their City at this critical juncture and not to think of prestige or dignity.

CONFIDENCE IN THE MAYOR.

After Mr. Shaukat Ali left, Sardar Suleman Cassum Mitha said that all present had every confidence in the Mayor and in his impartiality and that it was a pleasure and an honour for all of them to work under him. Sir Purshottamdas joined in the sentiments expressed by Sardar Suleman Cassum Mitha and expressed his own regret and the regret of the House at the indignity that was hurled upon the Mayor by the manner in which Mr. Shaukat Ali had treated the Chair.

Mr. Chagla then said that they all had their own definite and emphatic views as to the political causes of this riot but this was not the time to go into that question. At present their only duty was to devise all means and ways to put down the riot which was a disgrace to the City. After that was done, the time would then come when all responsible citizens should put their heads together to consider what should be done to prevent these happenings in the future.

It was finally decided to postpone consideration of issuing a manifesto to the public.

SITUATION FAIRLY QUIET

Conciliation Committee Tour Impressions

Sjt. M. C. Chagla, Jt. Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Citizens' Conciliation Committee, writes:—

Meetings of the Bombay Citizens' Conciliation Committee were held on Friday at 11 a.m. and at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Municipal Corporation Hall, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar (the Mayor) presiding.

Messrs. Meyer Nissim, M. C. Chagla, M. L. Dahanukar, Dandekar and H. W. Bryant went round the different localities in the F. and G. Wards. They found that the situation was fairly quiet and people were found to be resuming their normal activities. It was very pleasant to note that they succeeded in bringing about a feeling of fraternity between the Hindus and Muslims of different localities of these wards.

TOUR IN STORM CENTRES.

Members of the Conciliation Committee who had been charged with the work of forming the 'E' Ward Committee have already approached a number of influential citizens belonging to various communities to serve on the Ward Committee. The members, however, saw that the most urgent work was to allay the bad feeling engendered and to create a sense of security, and that this work could not wait till the necessarily slow work of forming the Ward Committee was over. They have, therefore, been for the last two days touring round the actual storm centres in Byculla. They met influential members of the two communities in Kamatipura, Haines Road, Madanpura, etc., and have got them to forget and forgive and to co-operate in maintaining the peace and good name of their respective localities. Small Local Committees of Hindus and Muslims have been formed in Kamatipura, Nagpada, and Madanpura, who have promised to protect the localities as far as possible against hooliganism.

KAMATIPURA QUIET.

It may be a remarkable coincidence, but the fact is that since the work of conciliation was started, at Kamatipura, there has been no assault or other incident in that locality. The shops are now open and everything seems to be normal.

The members found that the reports in the press about trouble in Madanpura are entirely without foundation. The members made, close enquiries both locally and at the police station and found that Madanpura has been given a bad name undeservedly.

What was most remarkable was that the Muslim leaders of the locality had taken the Hindus under their protection. The Hindu shops were open and the people seemed quite safe. The members urged the Muslim leaders to continue to maintain the good name of the locality.

STRATEGIC POINTS.

The members have brought to the notice of the police authorities the strategic points where police pickets might be stationed to prevent trouble and to induce a sense of security.

The members who have been going round and doing this work of pacification are: Messrs. A. R. Dimtimkar, A. Soares, Silam, Pupala, Syed Manawar, Mahamed Umer Rajab, R. A. Gole, M. M. Killedar, Punjabhai Thackersey, Reuben, M. I. Khatkhatay.

PARSI SWADESHI SABHA'S GIFT.

Mr. Barjorji Bharucha has sent in a cheque of Rs. 151 on behalf of the Parsi Swadeshi Sabha, for relief work.

Meetings of the Conciliation Committee will be held to-day, Saturday at 11 a.m. (S.T.) and at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Mayor's room at the Municipal Corporation Hall. Members are requested to kindly make it convenient to be present at the meeting.

A combined group of the Indian Olympic Hockey team and the Bombay City, who met on Thursday in a friendly match. The visitors won an overwhelming victory.

THOSE TERRIBLE CLASP KNIVES

Sale Must Be Stopped In Bombay

(From A Medical Correspondent).

Praise has been bestowed by the Anglo-Indian press on the military, police and fire brigades, for their hard work during the riots, but nothing has been said about the devotion to duty on the part of the doctors and nurses in the leading Bombay hospitals.

The J. J. Hospital, which is located in the most central part of the city, has been filled to overflowing with victims of the riots, who have been maimed and injured seriously. The rush has been so great that all senior students have been asked to assist.

The surgeons, who are on emergency duty, have had to work till the early hours of the morning, trying to save lives of the unfortunate victims of mob fury. Most of the surgeons, who are Hindus, had to be given police protection when they left the hospital premises.

Early in the week most of the injured were battered with lathis, iron rods and lead pipes. Those who received head founds died from fracture of the skull.

Broken arms and legs were also common injuries.

Later, when the hooligans resorted to stabbing, ghastly wounds were inflicted by means of clasp knives. These knives are manufactured in Germany and sold cheaply in the bazaars. They are provided with a button at the handle end, which when pressed elongates, that is, goes deeper in the body of the person stabbed, inflicting terrible injuries.

The police have recovered several of these dangerous weapons from the mavalis, who have been rounded up.

Persons shot by the police and military have been killed or injured by bullets from service revolvers and rifles. In some cases bullets have been extracted which are not of the Service pattern.

Some hooligans are undoubtedly in possession of stolen revolvers, otherwise these injuries cannot be accounted for. A sergeant arrested a Mahomedan mavali who was armed with a loaded revolver, and on a search being made found nine cartridges on his person.

Experienced surgeons are of opinion that the injuries inflicted in the present riots are of a very ghastly nature, indicating the savage ferocity of the rioters.

The ease with which knives can be purchased in the bazaars, is responsible for the wholesale stabbing mania, which has been a feature of the rioting.

Since the Curfew Order was passed, injuries caused by lathis have decreased, but stabbing is still prevalent. Only legislation against the sale of clasp knives and other deadly weapons, can check stabbing, which has been on the increase for a long time in the city.

TEXTILE PAGES

Owing to the difficulties created by the disturbances, which necessitated the reduction of the size of "The Chronicle" during the past few days, we were obliged to omit our usual Textile Section on Thursday. Our readers' attention is drawn to the fact that these pages appear in to-day's issue on pages 4 and 9.

THE FREE PRESS JOURNAL

Mr. Sadanand's Contradiction

Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira, and Divan, Solicitors, write on behalf of Mr. S. Sadanand:—

With reference to the allegations broadcast by Moulana Shaukat Ali in a number of statements to the effect that Mr. Sadanand, whom the Mauiana wrongly describes as the "proprietor" of the "Free Press Journal," has told the Maulana personally that the "Free Press Journal" is an organ of the Hindu Mahasabha and that Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas has been the patron and main supporter of the "Journal" since the very start, Mr. S. Sadanand, the managing director and managing editor of the "Free Press of India, Ltd.," says:—

"The statements of Maulana Shaukat Ali in reference to the "Free Press of India" activities and Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas are untrue and balseless in every respect.

"Since the commencement of the "Free Press Journal," in June, 1930, I have had no discussion with the Maulana regarding the "Free Press Journal" in any connection, and the statement by the Maulana that I had made to him statements which are in themselves entirely untrue, are devoid of truth.

"Since the inception of the "Free Press Journal" in June 1930, neither has the Journal nor have any other activities of the Free Press received any benefit whatsoever, in any form or shape, from Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas or anybody connected with the Hindu Mahasabha, or any political or communal organisation in Bombay, or in any other part of India or overseas. Any statement to the contrary, whether made by the Maulana or anybody else is untrue."

SIR PURSHOTAMDAS AND "FREE PRESS"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In the afternoon issue of your paper dated yesterday you have published an extract from a signed article in the "Khilaphat Daily" of yesterday's date wherein Maulana Shaukat Ali alleges that I am a patron of the Free Press Journal and its main supporter.

The Maulana further alleges that Mr. Sadanand told him personally that the Free Press Journal is being conducted with my financial support. I write this to request you to publish in your next issue that both the allegations of Maulana Shaukat Ali are absolutely untrue and misleading.

I was a Director of the Free Press till sometime in 1928-29 and the severance of my connection with the Free Press was fully notified in the same by Mr. Sadanand. I have never subscribed to the Free Press in any shape or form except taking up some shares of the Company, which also was before I severed my connection with the Free Press as a Director. I trust that you will publish this forthwith.—Yours, etc.

PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS.

Bombay, May 20.

Congress Pickets Arrested In Benares

BENARES, May 14.

Three Congress volunteers were arrested to-day while picketing foreign cloth shops.—A.P.

FIRE'S SWEEP OF DECK

SURVIVOR'S TALE OF ADEN SEA DISASTER

Casualty List Is Small Now

DJIBOUTI, May 19.

The providential fact that the sea was fairly calm on the occasion of the Georges Philippar disaster by fix off the Gulf of Aden is stressed in the stories of the 420 survivors who have landed here.

It appears that the flames spread with alarming rapidity, sweeping the first class deck from end to end. The ship was abandoned with the utmost speed.

It was largely due to the calmness of the sea, coupled with the absence of panic aboard the Georges Philippar that the removal of the survivors to the rescuing ships was carried out in an orderly manner. The survivors have been distributed among hotels and private houses, some being sheltered in a hospital.

No arrangements have yet been made to send them to Europe.—Reuter.

38 PASSENGERS MISSING

"Georges Philippar" Disaster

LONDON, May 19.

Paris.—The survivors of the "Georges Philippar" disaster number 717 according to the information received at the Messageries Maritimes Office and consequently it appears that the missing total is only 38.

A trustworthy estimate had placed the number on board at 767, but it appears that twelve intending passengers from Saigon did not join the ship there, thereby reducing the compliment to 755.

It is still hoped that the list of saved is not final as a few additional names are still being received from Aden and Djibouti and the possibility exists of some rescues having been effected by the coasting steamers and the African native craft.—Reuter.

STIFFKEY RECTOR CASE REOPENS

Remarkable Speech For Defence

LONDON, May 19.

The hearing of the case against Rev. Harold F. Davidson, Rector of Stiffkey, on the charges of immoral conduct, was resumed to-day.

Since the adjournment on April 7 a public appeal for funs has been made by the Rector and his old friend, Lady Waechter.

It is expected that a number of witnesses will be called by the defence including a prominent ecclesiastic, the Rev. R. F. Levy and rectors.

Leading counsel opened the defence to-day with a remarkable speech in which he denounced the atmosphere of prejudice which he said had been created by the prosecuting counsel. He said that the rector was a troublesome busybody "possessed of other unusual qualities," but he was not an immoral person.—Reuter.

CHOWKIDARS AS ACCUSED

Madhobpur Dacoity

BANKURA, May
(By Mail)

Mr. Nirmol Kumar Bhanja, I pector of Police, Sadar Circle, arrested four men, including chowkidars named Bistoo B and Babulal Bauri of Bor Thana, in connexion with Madhobpur Dacoity. The da was committed on the nigh May 1, and during the raid, youth was speared through the dacoits. The four acc were produced before the M trate who ordered them to b tained in hajat.—A. P.

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